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#### **ABSTRACT**

This report uses figures from the 1990 Census to present a detailed and comprehensive picture of the changes that occurred in the economic standing of women and minorities during the 1970s and 1980s in the six-county Chicago (Illinois) metropolitan area. The terms African American, Asian American, Latino, and White are used to describe the city's major racial/ethnic groups. During this period, the large economic disparities between the Chicago area's African American and Latino populations and its Whites remained basically unchanged or actually widened as measured by family income, poverty, children in poverty, labor force participation, unemployment, high school completion (figure 8, pages 22-23), and college completion (figure 9, pages 24-25). Minority populations in the suburbs generally retained their higher economic status relative to their counterparts in the city. The large economic disparities between female-headed households and all other households also remained largely unchanged over these years. Female-headed households continued to experience much higher rates of poverty than other households. Appendixes contain a table of data for the metropolitan area and definitions of the population groups and economic indicators. (Contains 12 figures.) (SLD)

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# **Table of Contents**

Executive Summary	З
Introduction	
Income	
Figure 1 Median Family Income	E
Figure 2 Single Female Headed Families	
Figure 3 Percentage of Persons in Poverty	
Figure 4 Percentage of Children in Poverty	
Civilian Labor Force Participation	
Figure 5 Percentage of Civilian Labor Force Participation	. 16
Figure 6 Unemployment Rate	
Figure 7 Percentage of Youths Unemployed	
Education	
Figure 8 High School Completion Rates	22
Figure 9 College Completion Rates	
Labor Force Participation and Poverty of Women	
Figure 10 Civilian Labor Force Participation by Gender	26
Figure 11 Unemployment by Gender	28
Figure 12 Female Headed Families in Poverty	30
Appendix A	
Annendix R	5



#### **Executive Summary**

Over the 1970s and 1980s, the large economic disparities between the Chicago metropolitan area's African-American and Latino populations, on the one hand, and its Whites, on the other, remained basically unchanged or actually widened as measured by family income, poverty, children in poverty, labor force participation, unemployment, high school completion, and college completion. (The Chicago metropolitan area is defined as a six-county area including Cook, DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry, and Will counties.) During these two decades, African-American, Asian-American, and Latino populations in the suburbs generally maintained their higher economic standing relative to their counterparts in the city of Chicago.

The large economic disparities between female-headed households and all other households also remained largely unchanged over these two deades. While a higher percentage of women were working or seeking work in the Chicago metropolitan area in 1990 compared to 1970, female-headed households continued to experience much higher rates of poverty than other households.

#### Median Family Income

Measured in constant dollars, the median family incomes of African Americans and Latinos increased somewhat since 1970. But the median income of White families increased even more, so the income gap widened between White families and African-American and Latino families.

- In 1990 African-American median family income was \$25,849, or 52.7 percent of White income, which was a drop from 62.9 percent of White median family income in 1970. Latino median family income in 1990 was \$28,839, or 58.8 percent of White median family income, a drop from 68.5 percent in 1970.
- Asian-American median family income of \$44,509 was 90.7 percent of White median family income in the metropolitan area in 1990. This represented a gain from 85.1 percent in 1970.
- Single female headed families in the metropolitan area in 1990 had a median family income of \$21,333, substantially lower than the median family income of other families. Single female headed families lost ground during the two decades: their median family income slipped from 51.7 percent of the median family income of all families in 1970 to 49.9 percent in 1990.
- Among families headed by single females, a large gap in median family incomes persisted throughout the 1970s and 1980s between Whites and Asian Americans, on the one hand, and African Americans and Latinos on the other. This gap widened between 1970 and 1990, as the median incomes of families headed by single African-American or Latino females declined as a percentage of the median income of families headed by single White females.



#### **Total Poverty and Children in Poverty**

- The poverty rate among Whites dropped between 1970 and 1990, while it increased among the metropolitan area's minority groups. As a result, the already large poverty gap between Whites and African Americans, Asian Americans, and Latinos in the metropolitan area widened over the two decades. In 1990 African Americans were nearly six times, Latinos nearly four times, and Asian Americans nearly two times, more likely than Whites to live in poverty.
- In the metropolitan area's suburbs in 1990, and in Chicago, African Americans were nearly 4 times, Latinos nearly 3 times, and Asian Americans almost 2 times as likely to be in poverty as Whites. African Americans were nearly 5 times, and Latinos over 3 times, more likely than Whites to live in poverty.
- The poverty gap evident in 1980 between White and African-American and Latino children under eighteen years of age persisted in the metropolitan area in 1990. African-American children were 8 times, Latino children 5 times, and Asian-American children nearly 2 times more likely to live in poverty than White children in 1990.
- The percent of African-American children living in poverty increased between 1980 and 1990, while the rate for all other groups in the metropolitan area declined slightly.
- While African Americans in 1990 continued to register the highest rates of poverty, including children in poverty, Latinos experienced the largest absolute increase of total persons in poverty and number of children in poverty during the 1980s. This occurred because of the large increase in Latino population in the Chicago metropolitan area.

#### **Labor Force Participation and Youth Unemployment**

- Latinos and Asian Americans continued to have the highest rates of labor force participation, measured by the percent of all those working or seeking work among all people aged 16 and over, in the Chicago metropolitan area. The largest increases in labor force participation rates between 1970 and 1990 occurred among African Americans (8.6 percent) and Latinos (11.0 percent) in the suburbs. Because Latinos maintained high labor force participation rates and experienced rapid population growth, the number of Latinos in the suburban labor force tripled between 1970 and 1990 and increased by 75 percent in Chicago.
- African Americans and Latinos experienced significantly higher unemployment rates
  than Whites and Asian Americans in 1970, 1980, and 1990 in the Chicago metropolitan area. And the gap widened during the two decades. In 1970 African Americans
  and Latinos were two times more likely than Whites to be unemployed; by 1990 African Americans were 4.5 times and Latinos 2.7 times more likely than Whites to be
  unemployed.
- The large gap between the unemployment rates of African-American youth and all other youth between the ages of 16 and 19 grew between 1970 and 1990, especially in Chicago. Of African-American youth in Chicago in the labor force, counted as either working, or unemployed and seeking work, 45.9 percent were unemployed, compared to only 14.9 percent of White youth and 26.7 percent of Latino youth.
- The largest concentration of youth labor market distress was among African-American youth in Chicago, who were not in school and had not graduated as of 1990. Only 35.5 percent of African-American dropouts between the ages of 16 and 19 were in the labor force in Chicago in 1990, and about 61.4 percent of them reported that they were unemployed.
- Latino youth experienced the largest absolute increase during the 1980s in the number of youth unemployed in the metropolitan area due to relatively high unemployment rates and the growing Latino population. During the same decade, the absolute number of White youth unemployed in the metropolitan area declined.



#### High School and College Completion

- Among persons 25 years of age and over, both the high school and college completion rates increased significantly in 1990 for Whites, African Americans, Asian Americans, and Latinos in the metropolitan area, compared to the same populations in 1970.
- Although Latinos made significant gains in high school completion between 1970 and 1990, they continued to have the lowest high school completion rates of all groups, thus worsening the already existing gap due to the larger gains experienced by Whites and African Americans. In 1990, only 43.9 percent of Latinos who were 25 years of age and over had completed four years of high school or more, compared to 83.6 percent of Asian Americans, 82.8 percent of Whites, and 66.0 percent of African Americans.
- Asian Americans also had the highest college completion rate in the metropolitan area in 1990, with 49.2 percent completing college, compared to 28.5 percent for Whites, 11.8 percent for African Americans, and 7.7 percent for Latinos. The largest gains in college completion were experienced by Whites, especially in Chicago, resulting in a larger gap in college completion between Whites and African Americans and Latinos. Asian Americans experienced a significant drop in college completion rates in Chicago between 1980 and 1990, and a marginal decline in the suburbs during the same decade.

#### Female Labor Force Participation and Unemployment

- Many more women were working or looking for work in the Chicago metropolitan area in 1990 than in 1970. Just under 60 percent of women 16 years of age and older were in the labor force in 1990, compared to only 45.0 percent in 1970. The labor force participation rate for men dropped by 2 percentage points over the same twenty years. Despite these changes, female labor force participation rates still remained below the comparable rates of men.
- Latino women showed the greatest increase in labor force participation rates between 1970 and 1990, while Asian-American women showed the least change. In 1990 Asian-American women had a higher labor force participation rate in the metropolitan area as a whole than any other group.
- While unemployment rates for both men and women have increased substantially since 1970, the gender difference remains small. In 1980 and 1990, in the Chicago metropolitan area the unemployment rates for all women were slightly lower than those for men. However, the total number of women experiencing unemployment in the metropolitan area has increased greatly due to the rising female labor force participation during the 1970s and 1980s.

#### Female-Headed Households and Poverty

- In 1970, 1980, and 1990 female-headed families experienced much higher rates of poverty than other families in the Chicago metropolitan area. Despite gains in labor force participation rates, and slightly lower unemployment rates than men, in 1990 female-headed families were seven times more likely to be living in poverty than other families in the metropolitan area.
- In 1990, nearly 3 out of every 10 female-headed families (or 28.7 percent) were in poverty in the Chicago metropolitan area, and this proportion hasn't changed much since 1970. In Chicago nearly 4 out of every 10 (or 38.9 percent) of female-headed families were living in poverty, and nearly half of the families headed by African-American and Latino females were in poverty.



#### Introduction

#### Background

In January 1992, the Chicago Urban League, the Latino Institute, and Northern Illinois University began a two-year project to examine the effects of economic and demographic changes on the economic standing of minorities and women in the Chicago Metropolitan Area between 1980 and 1990. The plan called for using 1990 census releases to examine the economic standing of women and four major groups -- Whites, African Americans, Asian Americans, and Latinos. With funding from the John D. and Catherine T. MacArthur Foundation, the project aimed at producing two reports on major research findings; providing 1990 census data to policy researchers, advocacy and service organizations; and sponsoring a research report series on selected public policy issues.

In September 1992, the project issued its interim report, summarizing findings from the STF (Summary Tape File) 3 release of the 1990 census. This report focused on changes in the economic standing of minorities. Information on the corresponding changes for women was severely limited by what was available in the STF 3 release. These interim findings showed that the metropolitan area's minority groups made little headway in closing the gap between themselves and Whites during the 1980s. Indeed, on some indicators, what were already glaringly large disparities actually widened.

But how did these results compare with what had occurred earlier? To answer that frequently asked question, the project team sought and obtain additional funding from the John D. and Catherine T. MacArthur Foundation. This expansion of chronological scope allowed the project to describe what happened economically to minorities and women in the Chicago metropolitan area during the twenty years since the 1970 census. This final project report presents these descriptions.

#### **Shifts in Population**

The economic fate of women and minorities during the past twenty years can't be isolated from the major changes that affected Chicago and other large metropolitan areas during that time. These included the shift of the largest share of employment from manufacturing to services, and the shift of population and jobs from the central city to the suburbs. These economic shifts were accompanied by major demographic changes, including the increased labor force participation of women and the increased concentration of minorities in the population and labor force in both Chicago and the surrounding suburbs.

The total population of the Chicago metropolitan area grew from 6,945,000 in 1970 to 7,261,176 in 1990, a gain of over 4 percent. Although Whites remained the largest ethnic/racial group in the metropolitan area in 1990, their ranks declined by 577,395, or about 11 percent, since 1970 (see Appendix A). This dropped the White share of the total metropolitan area population from 77 percent in 1970 to 66 percent in 1990. During the same interval, the number of

African Americans increased by 202,248, or 17 percent, boosting the African-American share of the metropolitan area's total population from 17 percent to 19 percent. Latinos had the largest absolute increase in population, growing by 485,237 persons, which represented a 147 percent increase since 1970 and an growth in share of the total metropolitan population from about 5 to 11 percent. The Asian-American population grew by 209,855 persons. This represented a 507 percent increase between 1970 and 1990, and a 3 percent share of the total 1990 Chicago metropolitan population.

The population of the city of Chicago declined by 568,274 between 1970 and 1990, a drop of about 16 percent. During the same interval, the number of Whites in Chicago declined by 914,119, a 46 percent drop; and the number of African Americans fell by 5,901, less than a 1 percent decline. These declines were only partially offset by the net addition of 284,515 Latinos, an increase of 113 percent, and 73,341 Asian Americans, a gain of 238 percent. During this twenty-year period, Whites dropped from 59 percent of Chicago's total population to 38 percent, while Latinos increased their share of the population from about 7 percent to 19 percent.

The population of the Chicago suburbs rose by 25 percent, or 884,350 persons, between 1970 and 1990. Although the number of Whites continued to grow, the White share of the total population of the suburbs dropped from 94 percent in 1970 to 83 percent in 1990. This was the result of significant increases in population among African Americans, Asian Americans, and Latinos. These population shifts produced corresponding changes in the Chicago metropolitan labor force in both the city and its suburbs. (Appendix A presents the detailed data documenting these changes.)

The 1970s and 1980s also witnessed a decisive shift in population from Chicago, the central city of the metropolitan area, to the surrounding suburbs. In 1970 Chicago held 48 percent of the metropolitan area's total population, and the suburbs just under 52 percent. In 1990, twenty years later, Chicago's share had dropped to 38 percent, while the suburbs contained nearly 62 percent of the metropolitan area's total population.

#### Shifts in Economic Standing

How did these types of changes affect the economic standing of women and minorities in the Chicago metropolitan area? It is generally important to chart the comparative economic standing of racial/ethnic minorities and gender groups, and especially so when their increasing presence in the labor force coincides with other types of economic shifts. The structural changes that have occurred in metropolitan economies during the past twenty years, particularly the shift from manufacturing to service activities, have made the struggle for equity even more difficult.



This project's interim report presented the first picture of what happened economically to minorities during the 1980s. But it could neither offer a longer time perspective nor offer adequate gender breakdowns. This final report overcomes both of these limitations.

The project's interim report concluded that minorities in the Chicago metropolitan area made very little headway during the 1980s. Their education levels improved and more of them were in the labor force, but their economic gains were minimal. It was as though they were running on a treadmill -- working harder and harder but not moving forward.

Adding the data from the 1970 census put the developments of the 1980s into better perspective. The general pattern showed the marginal gains of the 1970s were wiped out in the 1980s. So that when we look over the full twenty-year period, the economic gap separating Whites from African Americans and Latinos grew wider. These minority groups lost ground economically in median family income, persons in poverty, children in poverty, unemployment, youth unemployment, and college completion.

The numbers presented in this report are sobering indeed. Certainly, some knew from their own experience, and others may have guessed, that the trends were heading in the wrong direction. But this report documents and quantifies them. It offers the first comprehensive compilation of information of this sort for the full two-decade period.

The trend toward growing economic disparities is alarming. We expect that policy makers, community groups, advocates, and the general public will make use of this report to advocate on behalf of and to improve the quality of life for African Americans, Latinos, Asian Americans, women, and youth.

#### **Data Sources**

This project report uses the STF 4 release of the 1990 census to present a detailed and comprehensive picture of the changes that occurred in the economic standing of women and minorities during the 1970s and 1980s. The terms African American, Asian American, Latino, and White are used to describe the four major ethnic/racial groups in the Chicago metropolitan area, although these groups were identified through different terminology in the census (see Appendix B).

In the 1990 census all individuals were asked to identify themselves by race: White, Black, Asian, or another racial category. A separate question asked individuals if they were of Spanish/Hispanic origin and the Hispanic subgroup, e.g., Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Since "Hispanic" or "Latino" (the latter term is used in this report) is not a racial category, many Latinos, an estimated 38 percent in Chicago and 53 percent in the remainder of the metropolitan area, identified themselves as racially White and ethnically as one of the Hispanic subgroups. Fewer than 3 percent of Hispanics identified themselves as racially Black.

This project's interim report used the STF 3 releases for 1980 and 1990, In these releases, Latinos were counted both under that ethnic label and under whichever racial label each respondent selected. This "double counting," which resulted in a fairly large number of Lations also being counted as Whites, no doubt underestimated the economic differences between the Latino population and non-Latino Whites. The economic statistics provided in this final project report resolve this double-counting because the STF 4 census releases for 1980 and 1990 separated data for the non-Hispanic White, non-Hispanic Black, non-Hispanic Asian, and Hispanic populations.

Unfortunately, the STF 4 release for the 1970 census did not allow for this type of non-duplicative breakout. To get unduplicated population counts for 1970, this project used the 1970 Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS), a 1 percent sample weighted to reflect total population size. This means that all figures reported here for 1970 are estimates developed from the PUMS file. In the cases of some population subgroups, the sample sizes were so small, and the associated standard errors of estimate so large, that the estimated numbers likely would be misleading. In these instances, the project reports no figures.

Finally, one additional data limitation must be noticed. The 1990 STF 4 release contains a known error in the poverty tables. This error involves small inaccuracies in the figures for non-Hispanic Whites, non-Hispanic Blacks, and non-Hispanic Others. The project decided to use this release despite this known source of error for two reasons. First, the error is small and limited to one indicator. Second, the Census Bureau has not yet indicated when -- or, indeed, even whether -- it will release a corrected version of the STF 4 file.

In this report, the Chicago metropolitan area is defined as a six-county area including Cook, DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry, and Will counties. Each section of the report provides information on the metropolitan area as a whole, the city of Chicago, and the surrounding suburbs including suburban Cook county.

The next sections of this report address the relative economic standing, as measured by income, poverty status, labor force status, and education, of African Americans, Asian Americans, Latinos, and Whites. These sections are followed by a section that gives breakdowns by both ethnic/racial categories and gender for labor force participation and unemployment rates, and for poverty rates of female-headed households.

Appendix A provides the raw data for all indicators, for each ethnic/racial category, for each of the three census years, and for each of the three geographies. We expect these numbers to serve as reference tools for advocacy and community groups. Appendix B provides the formal definitions of the census indicators that were used in this report.

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**Metropolitan Area** A large disparity in median family income persisted between Whites and African Americans and Latinos in the metropolitan area from 1970 to 1990. The median family incomes of both minority groups grew slightly in constant (adjusted for inflation) dollars, although Latino

median family income peaked in 1980. But the median family income of Whites grew at a faster pace making the gap wider than it had been twenty years earlier. Only Asian Americans gained at a fast enough pace to begin closing the gap with Whites.

Figure 1A. Median Family Income: Metropolitan Area, 1970, 1980 and 1990\* Total 1970 \$36,511 \$50,000 41,123 1980 1990 42,782 45,000 White **Aslan American** 39,029 White 1970 40,000 1980 45,254 1990 49,048 35.000 Latino **African** 1970 24,551 30,000 **American** 1980 24,929 1990 25,849 25,000 African American Latino 1970 26,754 20,000 29,183 1980 1990 28,839 15,000 1970 33,206 **Asian** 10,000

44,477

44,509

1980

1990

**American** 

■ African Americans had the lowest median family income of all groups in 1990. Their median family income slipped from 62.9 percent of White median family income in 1970, to 55.1 percent in 1980, and to 52.7 percent in 1990.

5,000

0

1970

1980

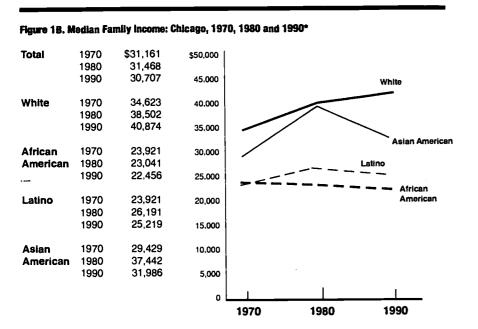
1990

- Latino median family income dropped from 68.5 percent of White median family income in 1970, to 64.5 percent in 1980, to 58.8 percent in 1990.
- Asian-American median family income increased by \$11,303 between 1970 and 1990, more than that of any other group. By 1990 Asian-American median family income was 90.7 percent of White median family income, up from 85.1 percent in 1970.



<sup>\*</sup>Median income is based on income received in previous calendar year.

**Chicago and Suburbs** The large disparities in median family income between Whites and African Americans and Latinos evident in 1970 in both Chicago and the suburbs grew larger by 1990.



<sup>\*</sup>Median income is based on income received in previous calendar year.

Figure 1C. Median Family Income: Suburbs, 1970, 1980 and 1990\*

			\$55,000			Asian Amondan
			\$23,000			
Total	1970	\$40,918	50,000			White
IOTAI			30,000			
	1980	46,528				_
	1990	49,194	45,000			a — Addinan Amaniana
						- African American
White	1970	41,547	40,000			
	1980	47,396			<b>/</b>	
	1990	51,047	35.000			
	1330	31,047	30,000			Latino
	4070	00.040	20.000			
African	1970	30,846	30,000			
American	1980	34,246				
	1990	35,230	25,000			
Latino	1970	36,039	20,000			
	1980	38,225		-		
	1990	35,683	15.000			
	1000	00,000				
Asian	1970	49,101	10,000	•		
		•	10,000			
American	1980	51,284				
	1990	53,458	5,000			
					1	1
			0			
				1970	1980	1990

<sup>\*</sup>Median income is based on income received in previous calendar year.

- In Chicago, White median family income increased by \$6,251 between 1970 and 1990, far more than any other group.
- African-American median family income dropped by \$1,465 over the twenty years, shrinking from 69.1 percent of White median family income in 1970, to only 54.9 percent in 1990.
- Latino median family income increased by \$1,298, but dropped as a share of White income. In 1970 Latino median family income was 69.1 percent of White median family income; in 1990 it was 61.7 percent.
- Asian American median family income was 85.0 percent of White median family income in 1970, but fell to 78.3 percent by 1990.\*
- Median family income for African Americans increased by \$4,384 over the twenty years, but slipped from 74.2 percent of White median family income in 1970 to 69.0 percent in 1990.
- Latino median family income decreased by \$356, and slipped from 86.7 percent of White median family income in 1970 to 69.9 percent in 1990.

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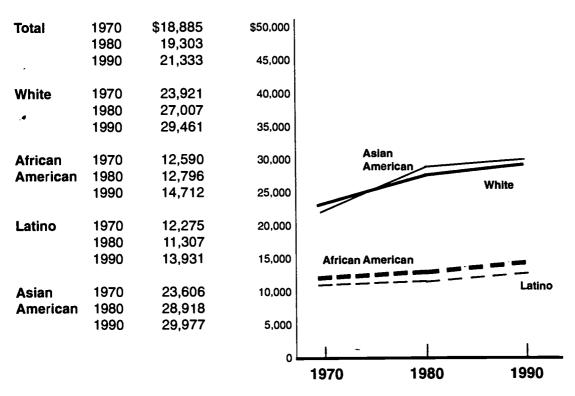
9

Asian American

**Metropolitan Area** The median income of all types of single female headed families increased between 1970 and 1990, but these families generally still had lower median family incomes than other families. In 1970, the median family in-

come for all single female headed families was 51.7 percent of the median family income for all families but slipped by 1990 to 49.9 percent.

Figure 2A. Median Family Income, Single Female Headed Families: Metropolitan Area, 1970, 1980 and 1990\*



<sup>\*</sup>Median income is based on income received in previous calendar year.

10

- Among families headed by single females, a wide gap in median family income continued to exist in 1990 between Whites and Asian Americans, on the one hand, and African Americans and Latinos, on the other.
- The median family income of families headed by single African-American females in 1970 was 52.6 percent of the median family income of their White counterparts. That fell to 49.9 percent in 1990.
- Single Latino females heading families had a median family income in 1970 that was 51.3 percent of the median family income of single White females heading families. That share slipped by 1990 to 47.3 percent, and was the lowest among all groups.

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**Chicago and Suburbs** Single female headed families in the suburbs have higher median family incomes than their counterparts living in Chicago. And Asian-American single females heading families have higher median family incomes than Whites in both the city and the suburbs.

Figure 2B. Median Family Income, Single Female Headed Families: Chicago, 1970, 1980 and 1990\* Total 1970 \$16,682 \$50,000 1980 15,498 16,202 45,000 1990 23,606 White 1970 40,000 1980 25,452 1990 26,635 35,000 1970 12,590 **African** 30.000 American 1980 12.266 1990 13,176 25,000 Latino 1970 11,016 20,000 10,527 1980 1990 12,034 15,000 African American 1970 23,607 10,000 Asian 28,623 **American** 1980 27,002 1990 5,000

Figure 2C. Median Family Income, Single Female Headed Familles: Suburbs, 1970, 1980 and 1990\*

1970

1980

1990

			•	1970	1980	1990
			اه	L		
	1990	32,371	5,000			
American	1980	29,623				
Asian	1970	25,023	10,000			
	1990	20,544	15,000		Al Al	rican American
	1980	17,531				rican American
Latino	1970	27,384	20,000	``	Latino	
American	1990	20,568	25,000			
African American	1970 1980	10,702 17,015	30,000			White
	1990	30,398	35,000		Asian American	<u></u>
	1980	27,783				
White	1970	24,551	40,000			
	1990	27,947	45,000			
	1980	25,994				
Total	1970	\$23,921	\$50,000	•		

<sup>\*</sup>Median income is based on income received in previous calendar year.

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- Despite gains in constant dollars, both African- American and Latino single female headed families lost ground over the twenty years compared with Whites in Chicago.
  - In Chicago, the median family income of families headed by single White females increased over the two decades at more than twice the pace of those headed by single African-American females. For the latter, the median family income in 1970 was 53.3 percent of their White counterparts; that slipped to 49.5 percent in 1990.

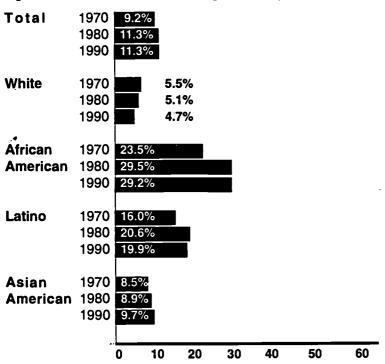
- The median family income of suburban families headed by single Latino females dropped by \$6,840 between 1970 and 1990.
- The median family income of suburban families headed by single African-American females nearly doubled over the twenty years, increasing 43.6 percent to 67.7 percent of the median family income of families headed by single White females.

<sup>\*</sup>Median income is based on income received in previous calendar year.

**Metropolitan Area** The large poverty gap between Whites and African Americans, Latinos, and Asian Americans in the metropolitan area widened between 1970 and 1990. (See Appendix B for the definition of poverty.) While the poverty

rate among Whites dropped over the two decades, it increased among each of the other groups. As a result, poverty remains heavily concentrated among the metropolitan area's minority populations.

Figure 3A. Percent of Persons Living in Poverty: Metropolitan Area, 1970, 1980, 1990\*



<sup>\*</sup>Poverty estimates are based on income received in previous calendar year.

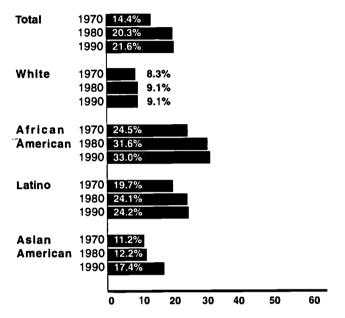
- The poverty rate among African Americans and Latinos dropped slightly between 1980 and 1990. But it is still higher than it had been in 1970 by 5.7 percentage points among African Americans and 3.9 among Latinos.
- In 1990 African Americans were six times, and Latinos four times, more likely to be in poverty than Whites.
- The poverty rate among Asian Americans increased over each of the two decades, and in 1990 Asian Americans were more than twice as likely to be in poverty than Whites.



12 ↑ ♥

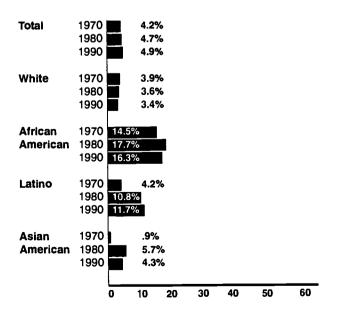
**Chicago and Suburbs** Poverty rates in the suburbs have been consistently much lower for all groups than in Chicago.

Figure 3B. Percent of Persons Living in Poverty: Chicago, 1970, 1980, 1990\*



<sup>\*</sup>Poverty estimates are based on income received in previous calendar year.

Figure 3C. Percent of Persons Living in Poverty: Suburbs, 1970, 1980, 1990\*



<sup>\*</sup>Poverty estimates are based on income received in previous calendar year.

Americans, 1 in 4 Latinos, and nearly 1 in 5
Asian Americans were in poverty.

■ The poverty rate for each minority group has

in Chicago. By 1990, 1 in 3 African

increased over each of the past two decades

- The proportion of Latinos in poverty in the suburbs has more than doubled since 1970.
- Suburban African Americans were almost 5 times, and Latinos over 3 times, more likely to be in poverty than Whites.



Metropolitan Area During the 1980s, the large poverty gap between Whites and African-American and Latino populations also persisted for children. This is measured by the percentage of children under the age of 18 in each population living in poverty. African-American children were 8 times, Latino children 5 times, and Asian-American children nearly 2 times more likely to live in poverty than White children. Due to their overall population growth, Latinos experienced the largest absolute increase in the number of children living in poverty between 1980 and 1990.

Figure 4A. Percent of Children Living in Poverty: Metropolitan Area, 1980, 1990\* Total 1980 16.6% 1990 17.0% White 1980 5.6% 1990 5.0% 1980 39.4% African American 1990 41.6% Latino 1980 25.5% 1990 25.0% **Asian** 1980 9.3% American 1990 8.9% 30 40 50 -60 0 10 20

\*Poverty estimates are based on income received in previous calendar year.

- In 1990 African-American children had the highest poverty rate, with over 4 of every 10, or 41.6 percent, living in poverty.
- One of every 4 or 25.0 percent of Latino children lived in poverty in 1990.

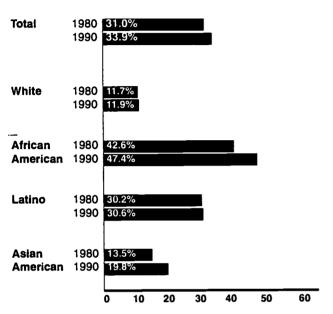
14



<sup>■</sup> The percent of African-American children living in poverty increased between 1980 and 1990, while the rate for all other groups declined slightly.

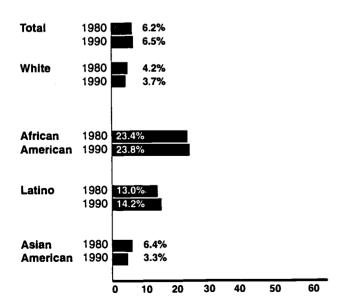
**Chicago and Suburbs** The large poverty gap between White and African-American and Latino children remained unchanged in both Chicago and the suburbs. Poverty rates among children were twice as high among both African-American and Latino children in Chicago compared to their counterparts in the suburbs. Poverty among Asian-American children in Chicago rose dramatically during the 1980s.

Figure 4B. Percent of Children Living in Poverty: Chicago, 1980, 1990\*



<sup>\*</sup>Poverty estimates are based on income received in previous calendar year.

Figure 4C. Percent of Children Living in Poverty: Suburbs, 1980, 1990\*



<sup>\*</sup>Poverty estimates are based on income received in previous calendar year.

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- Nearly one half or 47.4 percent of African-American children were living in poverty in Chicago in 1990, an increase of almost 5 percentage points since 1980.
- In 1990, 30.6 percent of Latino children were living in poverty in Chicago, compared to 11.9 percent of White children and 19.8 percent of Asian children.
- The number of Asian children in poverty in Chicago nearly doubled, in the last decade, growing from 2,476 to 4,815.

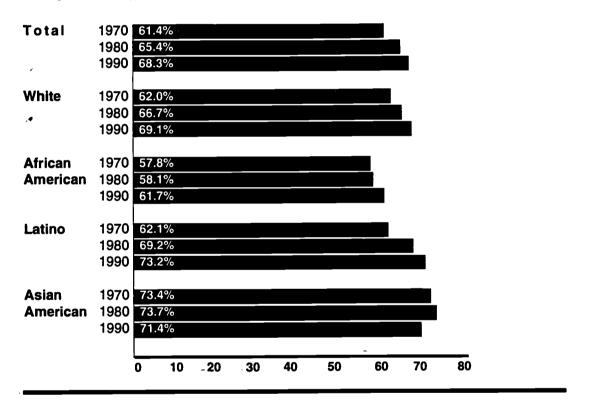
- Nearly a quarter of the African-American children in the suburbs lived in poverty in 1990.
- Suburban African-American children were more than 6 times, and Latino children nearly 4 times, more likely than White children to live in poverty in 1990.

# Civilian Labor Force Participation Percentage of Civilian Labor Force Participation

**Metropolitan Area** Latinos and Asian Americans continued to have the highest rates of civilian labor force participation, measured by the percent of all those working or seeking

work among all people aged 16 and over. The largest increase in civilian labor force participation rate since 1970 occurred among Latinos, 11.1 percentage points.

# Figure 5A. Percent of Persons Participating in Civilian Labor Force: Metropolitan Area, 1970, 1980, 1990



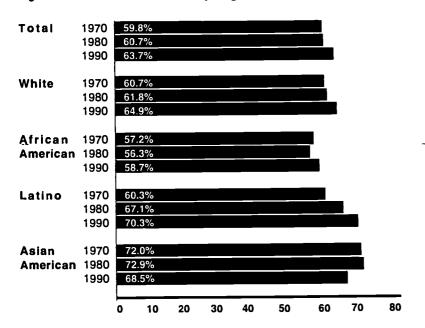
- Between 1970 and 1990, African Americans, Latinos, and Whites increased their rates of labor force participation, while the rate of Asian Americans declined slightly.
- In 1990, Latinos had the highest labor force participation rate, 73.2 percent, followed closely by Asian Americans at 71.4 percent, compared to 69.1 percent for Whites.
- Although African Americans increased their labor force participation rate over each of the last two decades, their 1990 rate of 61.7 percent was the lowest of all groups.

16



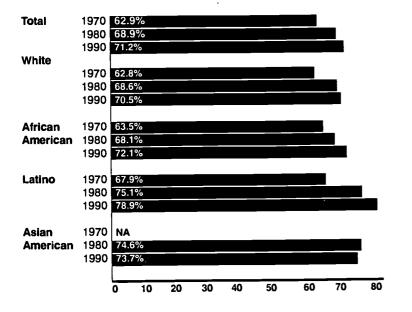
**Chicago and Suburbs** Whites and minorities have consistently had higher labor force participation rates in the suburbs than in Chicago. The numbers of African Americans, Asian Americans, and Latinos in the suburban labor force increased significantly over the two decades.

Figure 5B. Percent of Persons Participating in Civilian Labor Force: Chicago, 1970, 1980, 1990



- Latinos scored the largest gain in labor force participation during the two decades and had the highest rate in Chicago in 1990.
- The African-American labor force participation rate has increased slightly since 1970, although it remains the lowest of any group in Chicago.

Figure 5C. Percent of Persons Participating in Civilian Labor Force: Suburbs, 1970, 1980, 1990



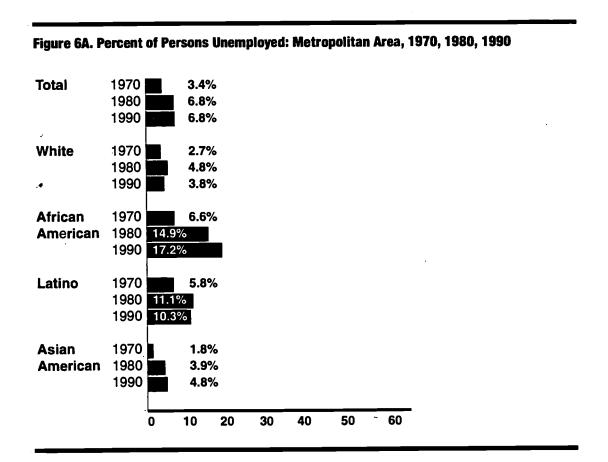
- Whites had the lowest labor force participation rate of any group in the suburbs, while Latinos had the highest.
- The 1990 labor force participation rate among suburban Latinos was 18.6 percentage points higher than in Chicago, the largest such difference among these groups.
- The second-largest suburban-city difference in labor force participation rates in 1990 was among African Americans, 13.4 percentage points.



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# **Unemployment** Unemployment Rate

Metropolitan Area African Americans and Latinos continue to experience significantly higher unemployment rates than Whites and Asian Americans in the Chicago metropolitan area. In 1970, African Americans and Latinos were slightly better than 2 times more likely to be unemployed than Whites. By 1990, African Americans were 4.5 times and Latinos 2.7 times more likely than Whites to be unemployed.



- The African-American unemployment rate more than doubled, and the Latino rate nearly doubled, during the two decades.
- In 1990, 1 of every 10 Latinos, and nearly 2 of every 10 African Americans, in the labor force were unemployed and actively seeking work.
- Whites and Asian Americans continued to have the lowest unemployment rates, although the Asian-American rate increased slightly during the 1980s and the White rate dropped.

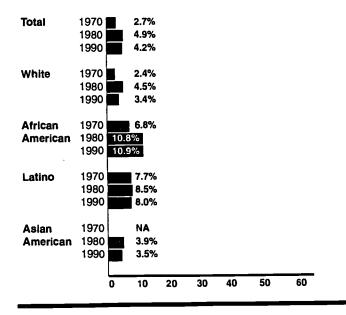


Chicago and Suburbs During the 1970s and 1980s, Whites and minorities experienced higher unemployment rates in the city than in the suburbs. The number of African Americans, Latinos, and Asian Americans who were unemployed rose significantly in both Chicago and the suburbs between 1980 and 1990.

Figure 6B. Percent of Persons Unemployed: Chicago, 1970, 1980, 1990 Total 1970 4.2% 1980 9.8% 1990 11.3% White 1970 3.1% 1980 5.6% 1990 5.4% .African 1970 6.6% **American** 1980 15.9% 1990 19.5% Latino 1970 5.1% 1980 12.1% 1990 11.7% 1970 1.1% **Asian** American 1980 4.0% 1990 6.6%

10 20 30 40 60

Figure 6C. Percent of Persons Unemployed: Suburbs, 1970, 1980, 1990



- Whites and Asian Americans consistently experienced the lowest unemployment rates in the city.
- Chicago's Asian Americans were 6 times more likely to be unemployed in 1990 than in 1970, while the White rate increased by only 1.7 times.
- The African-American unemployment rate in Chicago nearly tripled during the two decades, and the Latino rate more than doubled.

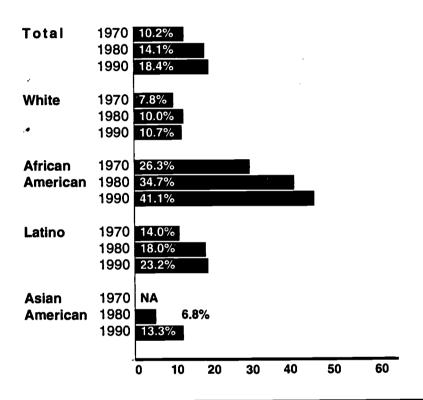
- In 1990, African Americans had the highest. unemployment rate of any group in the suburbs.
- But African Americans in the suburbs were only half as likely to be unemployed as their Chicago counterparts in 1990.
- During the 1980s, the unemployment rate declined for all groups in the suburbs except African Americans.



# Youth Unemployment Percentage of Youths Unemployed

Metropolitan Area The large gap between the unemployment rates of African American and all other youth between the ages of 16 and 19 has grown significantly 1970. This includes all in-school and non-school youth actively looking for work. The unemployment rate for Latino youth has also increased significantly relative to White youth since 1970, and so did the unemployment rate for Asian-American youth during the 1980s. But despite such increases, the unemployment rates for both of these groups remain well below that of African-American youth.

Figure 7A. Percent of Youth Unemployment: Metropolitan Area, 1970, 1980, 1990



- Since 1970 the unemployment rate of African-American youth has risen dramatically. In 1990 4 out of every 10 in the labor force were unemployed and seeking work.
- The unemployment rate of Latino youth has also increased significantly, going from 14.0 percent in 1970 to 23.2 percent in 1990.
- Asian-American youth experienced a sharp increase in unemployment during the 1980s, jumping from 6.8 percent to 13.3 percent.

20

■ Although the unemployment rate of White youth has increased slightly since 1970, the number of unemployed White youth actually declined.



**Chicago and Suburbs** Generally, White and minority youth have experienced higher unemployment rates in Chicago than in the suburbs. The unemployment rates for all youth increased in Chicago since 1970, and they also increased significantly for African-American and Latino youth in the suburbs.

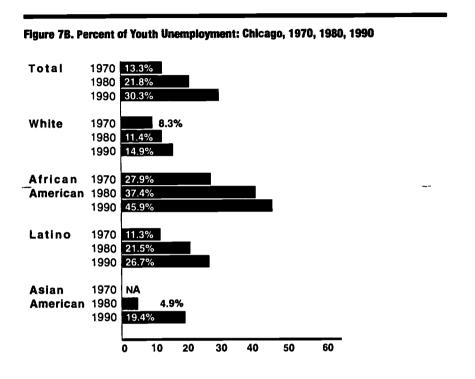
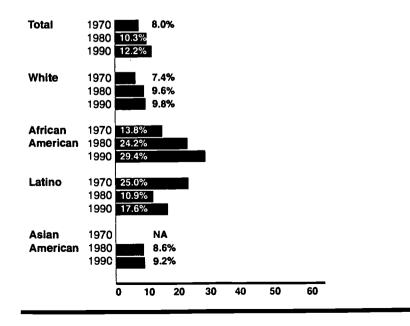


Figure 7C, Percent of Youth Unemployment: Suburbs, 1970, 1980, 1990



■ The unemployment rate of African-American youth in Chicago increased from 27.9 percent in 1970 to 45.9 percent in 1990.

Among African-American school dropouts, only 35.5 percent were in the labor force; and of those who were, a staggering 61.4 percent were unemployed in 1990 (not shown in figures).

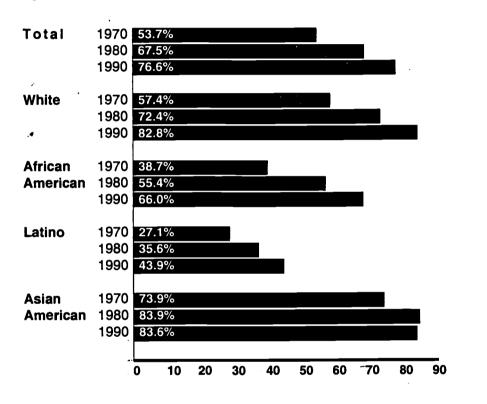
- The unemployment rate of Latino youth also increased significantly in Chicago and the suburbs during the 1980s, with over 1 in 4 unemployed in Chicago and nearly 1 in 5 unemployed in the suburbs in 1990.
- The unemployment rate of Asian-American youth tripled in Chicago during the 1980s, reaching 19.4 percent; but it increased only marginally in the suburbs.



**Metropolitan Area** The percentage of persons 25 years and over who had completed four years of high school or more by 1990 increased significantly for Whites and minorities, compared to the same age group in 1970. For Whites, African Americans, and Asian Americans, the larger share

of this gain came during the 1970s, while for Latinos it was split about evenly between the two decades. Asian Americans and Whites maintained the highest high school completion rates in 1990.

Figure 8A. Rate of High School Completion: Metropolitan Area, 1970, 1980, 1990



- Asian Americans had the highest rate of high school completion in 1990, at 83.6 percent; followed by Whites at 82.8 percent, and African Americans at 66.0 percent.
- Since 1970 high school completion rates have increased by over 25 percentage points for both Whites and African Americans, and about 60 percent of the gain for both groups occurred during the 1970s.
- Although Latinos have made significant gains in high school completion since 1970, they continue to have the lowest high school completion rate of all groups, only 43.9 percent in 1990.



**Chicago and Suburbs** During the 1970s and 1980s, White and minority persons 25 years and over in the suburbs generally maintained higher levels of high school completion compared to the same age group in Chicago. The largest increases in high school completion for Whites and Latinos during the twenty years occurred in Chicago, while the biggest gains for African Americans and Asian Americans came in the suburbs.

Figure 8B. Rate of High School Completion: Chicago, 1970, 1980, 1990

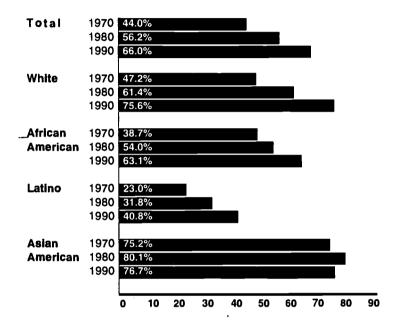
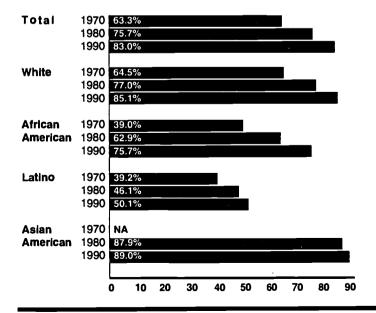


Figure 8C. Rate of High School Completion: Suburbs, 1970, 1980, 1990



- Asian Americans had the highest high school completion rates in both Chicago and the suburbs in 1990, despite a drop of over 3 percentage points in Chicago during the 1980s.
- Whites in both Chicago and the suburbs had significantly higher rates of high school completion in 1990 than in 1970. In the suburbs, over 60 percent of this gain came during the 1970s, but it was evenly split between the two decades in Chicago.
- African Americans made large gains in high school completion rates between 1970 and 1990 in both Chicago and the suburbs. In both locales, over 60 percent of the gain occurred during the 1970s.
- Latino gains in high school completion were larger in the city than the suburbs between 1970 and 1990. But they still had the lowest high school completion rates in both places, reaching just 50.1 percent in the suburbs.

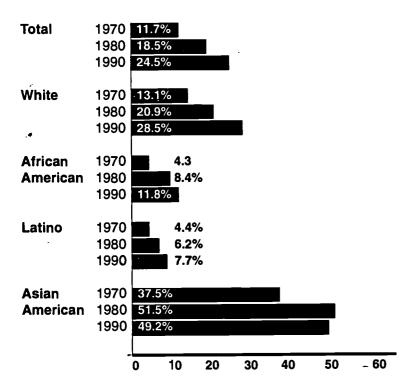


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## **Education** College Completion Rates

Metropolitan Area The percentage of persons 25 years and over who had a bachelors degree or higher by 1990 more than doubled for Whites and African Americans, compared to the same age group in 1970. In 1990 Asian Americans and Whites had the highest college completion rates.





- In 1990 almost half of the Asian-American adults had completed college. This was the highest rate of college completion in the metropolitan area, although it represented a slight decline from the 1980 rate among Asian Americans.
- Whites experienced the largest increase in college completion rates over the twenty years, a gain of 15.4 percentage points, which was split about evenly between the two decades.
- The increase in African-American and Latino college completion rates was much smaller than the White gain since 1970. Thus, the education gap widened.



**Chicago and Suburbs** Between 1970 and 1990, African Americans, Asian Americans, and Latinos 25 years of age and over in the suburbs had higher levels of college completion compared to the same age group in Chicago. The largest increases in college completion rates over the twenty years occurred among Whites in Chicago and the suburbs and African Americans in the suburbs.

Figure 9B. Rate of College Completion: Chicago, 1970, 1980, 1990

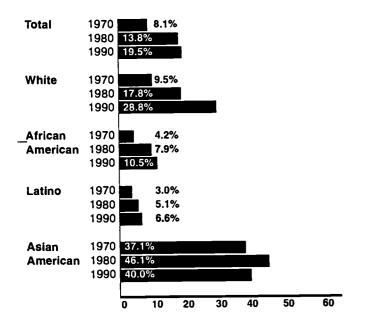
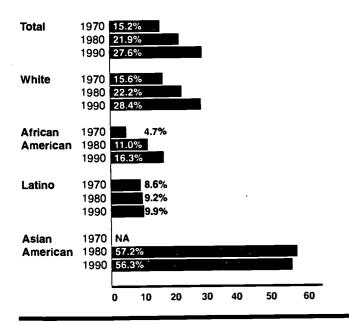


Figure 9C. Rate of College Completion: Suburbs, 1970, 1980, 1990



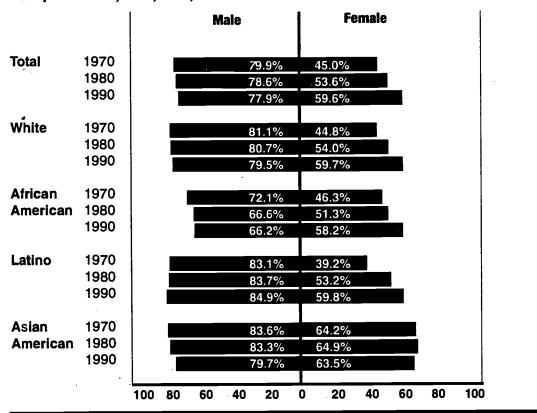
- Asian Americans had the highest rates of college completion in both the city and suburbs in 1990, despite declines in both places during the 1980s.
- The college completion rate for Whites in Chicago increased by 19.3 percentage points over the twenty years, and by 12.8 percentage points in the suburbs. The higher gain in Chicago wiped out the city-suburban difference by 1990.
- African Americans in the suburbs experienced an 11.6 percentage point gain in college completion rates over the two decades. The increase in Chicago was 6,3 percentage points.
- Latinos made only marginal gains over the two decades: 3.6 percentage points in Chicago and 1.3 in the suburbs.
- Since the White increases in college completion rates outpaced those of African Americans and Latinos, the college education gap widened.



**Metropolitan Area** Many more women were working or looking for work in 1990 than in 1970, as all groups of women experienced gains in labor force participation rates. While

these increases narrowed the gap between men and women, female labor force participation rates still remained below the rates for men.

Figure 10A. Civilian Labor Force Participation Rates by Gender: Metropolitan Area, 1970, 1980, 1990



- Between 1970 and 1990, 603,518 more women entered the metropolitan labor force. Women now comprise 45.7 percent of the Metro area labor force, compared to 38.7 percent in 1970, and 43.2 percent in 1980.
- Women significantly increased their labor force participation rate from 45.0 percent in 1970 to 59.6 percent in 1990, while the male labor force participation rate remained basically stable.
- At 59.6 percent, the female labor force participation rate remained below the male rate of 77.9 percent in 1990.
- The labor force participation rate of Latino females made the largest jump during the twenty years, from 39.2 percent to 59.8 percent, with two-thirds of this increase occurring in the 1970s.



bor force participation rates of Asian-American females were consistently higher than those of other groups of women.

**Chicago and Suburbs** Between 1970 and 1990 women significantly reduced the labor force participation gap with males in both Chicago and the suburbs. Even so, female labor force participation rates remained below the rates for males in both places in 1990.

Figure 10B. Civilian Labor Force Participation Rates by Gender: Chicago, 1970, 1980, 1990

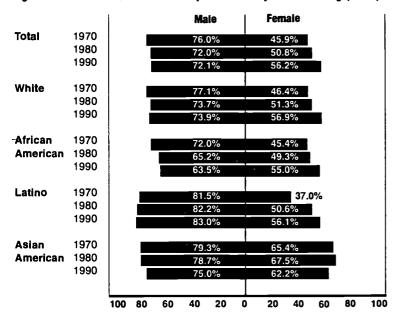
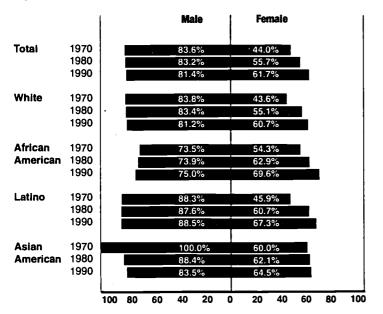


Figure 10C. Civilian Labor Force Participation Rates by Gender: Suburbs, 1970, 1980, 1990



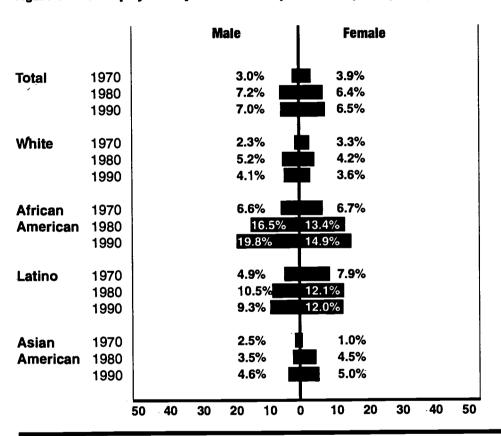
- Over the two decades, women increased their labor force participation rate from 45.9 percent to 56.2 percent in Chicago, while the male labor force participation rate declined slightly from 76.0 percent to 72.1 percent.
- Between 1970 and 1990, Latino female labor force participation jumped from 37.0 percent to 56.1 percent, the largest gain among any group in Chicago.
- Chicago's Asian Americans had the highest female participation rates in 1970 and 1990, although the rate dropped slightly from 65.4 percent in 1980, to 62.2 percent in 1990.
- Between 1970 and 1990, suburban women increased their labor force participation rate from 44.0 percent to 61.7 percent, while the rate among males dropped from 83.6 percent to 81.4 percent.
- The largest gain in the suburban female labor force participation rate during the twenty years occurred among Latinos, going from 45.9 percent to 67.3 percent.



Metropolitan Area Unlike 1970, the 1980 and 1990 unemployment rates for all women, as well as for White and African-American women, were lower than those for their male counterparts. Latino and Asian-American women had higher unemployment rates than the comparable categories of men.

Moreover, the total number of women experiencing unemployment in the metropolitan area has increased greatly due to the rising female labor force participation during the 1970s and 1980s.

Figure 11A. Unemployment by Gender: Metropolitan Area, 1970, 1980, 1990

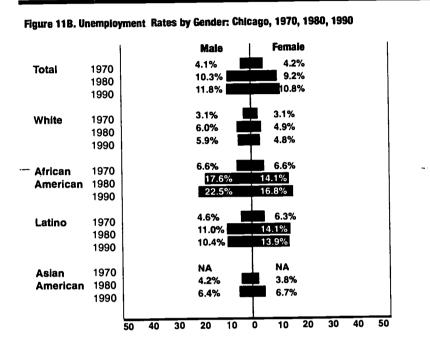


- During the 1980s, the overall unemployment rate for women inched up from 6.4 to 6.5 percent, while that for men dropped from 7.2 to 7.0 percent.
- The unemployment rate for African-American women in 1990 was more than twice the 1970 rate, while the rate for African-American men tripled during the same period.
- Latino and Asian-American women experienced increases of 4 percentage points in their unemployment rates over the two decades, while the unemployment rate of White women rose by less than 1 percentage point.



umber of women experiencing unemployment in 1990 compared to 1970 increased by 68,098, due to higher levels of female labor force participation.

**Chicago and Suburbs** Since 1970, except for Latinos in Chicago, unemployment rates for women have been slightly lower than those for men in both the city and the suburbs. And both men and women have had higher unemployment rates in Chicago than in the suburbs.



Male **Female** 3.7% 2.1% Total 1970 4.4% 5.3% 1980 4.3% 4.0% 1990 3.4% 1.9% 1970 White 4.9% 3.9% 1980 3.2% 3.6% 1990 7.2% 6.5% African 1970 10.1% 11.4% American 1980 9.5% 12.4% 1990 5.7% 1.8% 1970 Latino 9.1% 7.5% 1980 8.9% 7.5% 1990 NA NA Asian 1970 5.2% 2.9% American 1980 3.3% 3.8% 1990 50 40 10 20 50 40 30 20 10

Figure 11C. Unemployment Rates by Gender: Suburbs, 1970, 1980, 1990

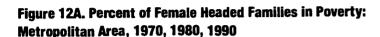


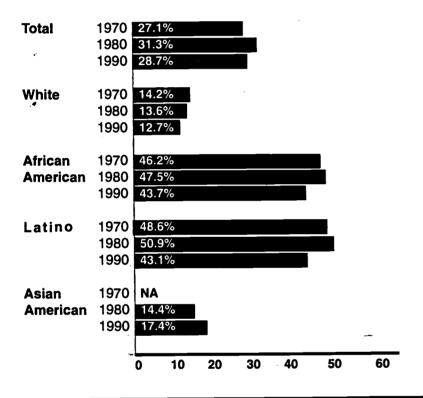
- The unemployment rates for both men and women doubled in Chicago between 1970 and 1990.
- During the 1980s, both male and female unemployment rates in Chicago increased significantly, while they declined for both men and women in the suburbs.
- The unemployment rate for women in Chicago in 1990 was 10.8 percent, over twice as high as the rate of 4.0 percent for women in the suburbs.
- In both Chicago and the suburbs in 1990, African-American and Latino women have unemployment rates more than twice as high as White women.

# Families in Poverty Female Headed Families in Poverty

**Metropolitan Area** In 1970, 1980, and 1990 female headed families continued to experience much higher rates of poverty than other families in the Chicago metropolitan area.

Families headed by African-American and Latino females were about three times more likely to be in poverty than those headed by White females.





- Nearly 3 of every 10 or 28.7 percent of female-headed families were in poverty in the Chicago metropolitan area in 1990. This proportion has not changed much since 1970.
- The poverty rate for families headed by African-American and Latino females declined between 1970 and 1990, but even in the latter year better than 4 of every 10 of these families were in poverty.
- In 1990 the poverty rate for White female-headed families was 12.7 percent versus 43.7 percent for families headed by African-American females, and 43.1 percent for families headed by Latino females.



**Chicago and Suburbs** Female-headed families in Chicago have consistently experienced much higher rates of poverty than their suburban counterparts. And families headed by African-American and Latino females have consistently experienced a much higher level of poverty than White female-headed families in both Chicago and the suburbs.

Figure 12B. Percent of Female Headed Families in Poverty: Chicago, 1970, 1980, 1990

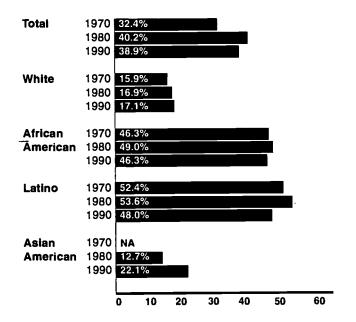
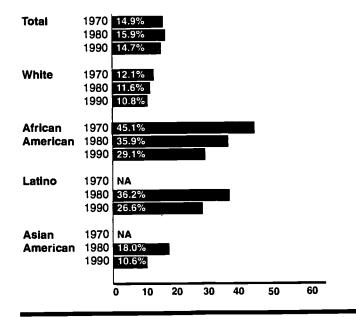


Figure 12C. Percent of Female Headed Families in Poverty: Suburbs, 1970, 1980, 1990



In Chicago in 1990, the poverty rate of African-American and Latino female-headed families was more than twice as high as that of White female-headed families.

- Since 1970, the poverty rate for femaleheaded families in Chicago has been at least twice as high as in the suburbs.
- Despite marginal gains over the past twenty years, in 1990 nearly half the African-American and Latino female-headed families in Chicago were in poverty, as were over a quarter of their counterparts in the suburbs.
- In the suburbs in 1990, the poverty rate of African-American and Latino female-headed families was more than 2.5 times higher than that of White female-headed families.



# APPENDIX A

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	MBT90	CH190	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB 80	MET70	CHI70	8UB70
MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME - COUPLE MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME - MALE MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME - FEMALE MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME - TOTAL MEDIAN INCOME - NON-FAMILY MALE MEDIAN INCOME - NON-FAMILY FEMALE	32884 23746 13931 28839 20659 14958	29704 22125 12034 25219 17736 12806	38676 27421 20544 35683 27183 19117	33270 26930 11307 29183 13003 8870	29972 25460 10527 26191 12737 7982	40549 33106 17531 38225 13755	28328 24551 12275 26754 17941 5036	25180 24551 11016 23921 18885 .	37456 22977 27384 36039 14007 1574
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			ASIAN AMERIC	CAN¹			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
	MET90	CH190	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	8UB70
MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME - COUPLE MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME - MALE MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME - FEMALE MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME - TOTAL MEDIAN INCOME - NON-FAMILY MALE MEDIAN INCOME - NON-FAMILY FEMALE	47238 31872 29977 44509 21925 19270	33425 28553 27002 31986 18589 16891	55334 40034 32371 53458 30717 25870	46286 31366 28918 44477 17179 16145	39200 31249 28623 37442 15407	52578 31949 29623 51284 19617 13930	36511 22662 23606 33206 14951 13692	31003 22662 23607 29429 10387 12590	54452 22662 25023 49101 20774 19987
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90		CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME - COUPLE MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME - MALE MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME - FEMALE MEDIAN INCOME - TOTAL MEDIAN INCOME - NON-FAMILY MALE MEDIAN INCOME - NON-FAMILY FEMALE	39324 17500 12650 32981 20287 13115	32933 11100 10602 26344 13542 8808	41290 20741 15909 38320 26531 21902	38275 27646 14925 33497 11715	35579 27880 14515 28363 10431 6633	42414 26886 16669 38749 15323	33364 60433 26439 32105 4249 13849	30059 60433 26439 28957 4721 13849	48787 48787 3777 9443



33

RESULTS FOR METRO AREA, CITY OF CHICAGO AND SUBURBS |

SUBURBS
AND
CHICAGO
OF
CITY
AREA,
METRO
FOR
RESULTS

		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	TOTAL	'AL		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CH180	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
TOTAL FAMILIES MARRIED COUPLE FAMILIES MALE SINGLE HEAD FAMILIES FEMALE SINGLE HEAD FAMILY % MARRIED COUPLE FAMILIES % MALE SINGLE HEAD FAMILIES % FEMALE SINGLE HEAD FAMILIES	1827143 1393187 92881 341075 76.2 5.1	636423 391710 47082 197631 61.5 7.4	1190720 1001477 45799 143444 84.1 3 8 8	1792680 1414858 74417 303405 78.9 4.2	712071 477528 42234 192309 67.1 5.9 27.0	1080609 937330 32183 111096 86.7 3.0	1726500 1451500 63200 211800 84.1 3.7	822000 634700 39400 147900 4.8 18.0	904500 816800 23800 63900 7.1
	MET90	CH190	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
TOTAL FAMILIES MARRIED COUPLE FAMILIES MALE SINGLE HEAD FAMILIES FEMALE SINGLE HEAD FAMILY % MARRIED COUPLE FAMILIES % MALE SINGLE HEAD FAMILIES % FEMALE SINGLE HEAD FAMILIES	1268496 1069028 49842 149626 84.3 3.9	252933 193036 15659 44238 76.3	1015563 875992 34183 105388 86.3 10.4	1306680 1116680 45178 144822 85.5 11.1 11.1	331023 259234 18090 53699 78.3 5.5	975657 857446 27088 91123 87.9 2.8 9.3	1376300 1204800 46000 125500 87.5 3.3	517900 425500 24600 67800 82.2 4.7	858400 779300 21400 57700 90.8 2.5 6.7
-	WET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CH180	SUB80	MET70	CH170	SUB70
TOTAL FAMILIES MARKIED COUPLE FAMILIES MALE SINGLE HEAD FAMILIES FEMALE SINGLE HEAD FAMILY  \$ MARRIED COUPLE FAMILIES  \$ MALE SINGLE HEAD FAMILIES  \$ FEMALE SINGLE HEAD FAMILIES	323398 146140 22438 154820 45.2 6.9	244425 100778 17386 126261 41.2 7.11	78973 45362 5052 28559 57.4 6.4	319407 167300 19033 133074 52.4 6.0	267589 133878 16162 117549 50.0 6.0	51818 33422 2871 15525 64.5 5.5	266500 175300 13100 78100 65.8 4.9	240600 156200 11400 73000 64.9 4.7	25900 19100 1700 5100 73.7 6.6
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		LATINO	Or			!	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1
	WET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CH180	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
TOTAL FAMILIES MARRIED COUPLE FAMILIES MALE SINGLE HEAD FAMILIES FEMALE SINGLE HEAD FAMILY \$ MARRIED COUPLE FAMILIES \$ MALE SINGLE HEAD FAMILIES \$ FEMALE SINGLE HEAD FAMILIES	173843 125483 17426 30934 72.2 10.0	114133 78301 12040 23792 68.6 10.5	59710 47182 5386 7142 79.0 9.0	128385 97757 8500 22128 76.1 6.6	94383 68937 6728 18718 73.0 7.1	34002 28820 1772 3410 84.8 5.2	70300 60100 3000 7200 85.5 4.3	53500 44800 2400 6300 83.7 4.5	16800 15300 600 900 91.1 3.6 5.4
		AS	IAN AMERICAN1	N					1
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CH180	SUB80	MET70	CH170	SUB70
TOTAL FAMILIES MARRIED COUPLE FAMILIES MALE SINGLE HEAD FAMILIES FEMALE SINGLE HEAD FAMILY % MARRIED COUPLE FAMILIES % MALE SINGLE HEAD FAMILIES % FEMALE SINGLE HEAD FAMILIES	59055 50970 2967 5118 86.3 5.0 8.7	24115 19241 1885 2989 79.8 7.8	34940 31729 1082 2129 90.8 3.1	34045 30187 1437 2421 88.7 4.2	16658 13947 1083 1628 83.7 6.5	17387 16240 354 354 93.4 2.0	9600 8100 700 84.4 8.3	7200 6000 700 500 83.3 9.7 6.9	2400 2100 100 200 87.5 4.2 8.3
		CH190	HTO	ER*	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70*
TOTAL FAMILIES MARRIED COUPLE FAMILIES MALE SINGLE HEAD FAMILIES FEMALE SINGLE HEAD FAMILY \$ MARRIED COUPLE FAMILIES \$ MALE SINGLE HEAD FAMILIES \$ FEMALE SINGLE HEAD FAMILIES	2351 1566 208 577 66.6 8.8	817 354 112 351 43.3 13.7	1534 1212 96 226 79.0 6.3	4163 2934 269 960 70.5 6.5	2418 1532 171 715 63.4 7.1	1745 1402 98 245 80.3 5.6	3800 3200 300 300 84.2 7.9	2800 2200 300 300 78.6 10.7	1000 1000 1000

RESULTS FOR METRO AREA, CITY OF CHICAGO AND SUBURBS

	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			TOTAL		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
POPULATION 25+ - TOTAL HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - TOTAL BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - TOTAL % WITH HS DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - TOTAL % WITH BACHELORS OR HIGHER - TOTAL	4635142 3550896 1136775 76.6 24.5	1746997 1153871 339862 66.0 19.5	2888145 2397025 796913 83.0 27.6	4162691 2810022 770805 67.5 18.5	1749574 984081 242053 56.2 13.8	2413117 1825941 528752 75.7 21.9	3791300 2037700 443600 53.7 11.7	1880400 827300 152400 44.0 8.1	1910900 1210400 291200 63.3 15.2
	MET90	CH190		MET80	CH180	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
POPULATION 25+ - TOTAL HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOWA OR HIGHER - TOTAL BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - TOTAL % WITH HS DIPLOWA OR HIGHER - TOTAL % WITH BACHELORS OR HIGHER - TOTAL	3285798 2720211 936661 82.8 28.5	802119 606450 231308 75.6 28.8	2483679 2113761 705353 85.1 28.4	3115069 2253804 650043 72.4 20.9	924158 567254 164600 61.4 17.8	2190911 1686550 485443 77.0 22.2	3073300 1764300 402400 57.4 13.1	1259200 594500 119900 47.2 9.5	1814100 1169800 282500 64.5 15.6
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! !	AFRICAN AME	AMERICAN	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CH180	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
POPULATION 25+ - TOTAL HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOWA OR HIGHER - TOTAL BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - TOTAL % WITH HS DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - TOTAL % WITH BACHELORS OR HIGHER - TOTAL	795969 525095 94029 66.0 11.8	615726 388661 64635 63.1	180243 136434 29394 75.7 16.3	699185 387168 58497 55.4 8.4	591478 319452 46702 54.0 7.9	107707 67716 11795 62.9 11.0	550700 213100 23600 38.7 4.3	495800 191700 21000 38.7 4.2	54900 21400 2600 39.0 4.7
			LATINO			;			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	MET90	CH190	SUB90	MET80	CH180	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
POPULATION 25+ - TOTAL HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - TOTAL BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - TOTAL & WITH HS DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - TOTAL & WITH BACHELORS OR HIGHER - TOTAL	394369 173307 30526 43.9	259659 105871 17187 40.8 6.6	134710 67436 13339 50.1	250818 89404 15672 35.6	182993 58111 9409 31.8	67825 31293 6263 46.1	132700 36000 5900 27.1	99000 22800 3000 23.0	33700 13200 2900 39.2 8.6
			ASIAN AMER	AMERICAN¹	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	i i i
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
POPULATION 25+ - TOTAL HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - TOTAL BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - TOTAL  \$ WITH HS DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - TOTAL  \$ WITH BACHELORS OR HIGHER - TOTAL	152891 127880 75213 83.6 49.2	66681 51156 26650 76.7 40.0	86210 76724 48563 89.0 56.3	87372 73305 44992 83.9	44640 35740 20559 80.1	42732 37565 24433 87.9 57.2	26100 19300 9800 73.9 37.5	20200 15200 7500 75.2 37.1	5900 4100 23300 69.5
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
POPULATION 25+ - TOTAL HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - TOTAL BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - TOTAL  \$ WITH HS DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - TOTAL  \$ WITH BACHELORS OR HIGHER - TOTAL	6115 4403 346 72.0 5.7	2812 1733 82 61.6 2.9	3303 2670 264 80.8 8.0	10247 6341 1601 61.9 15.6	6305 3524 783 55.9 12.4	3942 2817 818 71.5 20.8	22.8 22.8 22.8	6200 3100 1000 50.0	2300 1900 900 82.6 39.1



	RESULTS FOR	METRO AREA,	CITY OF	CHICAGO AND	SUBURBS	,			36
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
POPULATION 25+ - FEMALE HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - FEMALE BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - FEMALE % WITH HS DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - FEMALE % BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER-FEMALE	2455858 1868982 526237 76 21.4	940770 621628 170603 66.1	1515088 1247354 355634 82.3 23.5	2214942 1466967 321966 66.2	950698 528336 112280 55.6 11.8	1264244 938631 209686 74.2 16.6	2004300 1062700 172200 53.0 8.6	1015300 442900 68300 43.6 6.7	989000 619800 103900 62.7 10.5
			WHITE	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ı				! '
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB/0
POPULATION 25+ - FEMALE HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - FEMALE BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - FEMALE % WITH HS DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - FEMALE % BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - FEMALE	1732705 1412271 420524 81.5 24.3	425957 314252 109988 73.8 25.8	1306748 1098019 310536 84.0 23.8	1650669 1161768 261141 70.4 15.8	499494 294308 70697 58.9	1151175 867460 190444 75.4	1621400 915500 153000 56.5	680100 315700 52400 46.4	941300 599800 100600 63.7 10.7
			AFRICAN AME	AMERICAN			1		
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
POPULATION 25+ - FEMALE HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - FEMALE BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - FEMALE % WITH HS DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - FEMALE % BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - FEMALE	452773 305870 55987 67.6 12.4	353837 229349 39394 64.8	98936 76521 16593 77.3	393426 221983 33224 56.4 8.4	336586 185871 27207 55.2 8.1	56840 36112 6017 63.5	302900 118700 11500 39.2	275300 108100 10400 39.3 3.8	27600 10600 1100 38.4 4.0
	Compa	COLHO	LATINO	MRT80	CHIBO	SUBSO	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
POPULATION 25+ - FEMALE HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - FEMALE BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - FEMALE % WITH HS DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - FEMALE % BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - FEMALE	188032 85185 14763 45.3 7.9	125149 51961 8476 41.5	62883 33224 6287 52.8 10.0	119893 43326 6596 36.1 5.5	88068 28382 4163 32.2	31825 14944 2433 47.0 7.6	62100 15700 2000 25.3 3.2	46500 9600 1200 20.6 2.6	15600 6100 800 39.1 5.1
	1	1	ASIAN AMER	AMERICAN¹					
	MET90	CH190	SUB90	MET80	CHI 80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
POPULATION 25+ - FEMALE HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - FEMALE BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - FEMALE WITH HS DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - FEMALE BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - FEMALE	79319 63625 34979 80.2 44.1	34350 25249 12799 73.5 37.3	44969 38376 22180 85.3 49.3	45635 36720 20331 80.5 44.6	23262 18089 9887 77.8	22373 18631 10444 83.3 46.7	13500 10100 4900 74.8 36.3	10300 7900 3900 76.7 37.9	3200 2200 1000 68.8 31.3
	 MET90	CH190	SUB90	MBT80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
POPULATION 25+ - FEMALE HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - FEMALE BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - FEMALE % WITH HS DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - FEMALE % BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - FEMALE	3029 2031 -16 67.1	1477 817 -54 55.3 -3.7	1552 1214 38 78.2 2.4	5319 3170 674 59.6 12.7	3288 1686 326 51.3 9.9	2031 1484 348 73.1	4400 2700 800 61.4 18.2	3100 1600 400 51.6 12.9	1300 1100 400 84.6 30.8

SUBURBS
AND
CHICAGO
OF
CITY
AREA,
METRO
FOR
RESULTS

		CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHÍ70	SUB70
POPULATION 25+ - MALE HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - MALE BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - MALE % WITH HS DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - MALE % BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - MALE	2179284 1681914 610538 77.2 28.0	806227 532243 169259 66.0 21.0	1373057 1149671 441279 83.7 32.1	1947749 1343055 448839 69.0 23.0	798876 455745 129773 57.0 16.2	1148873 887310 319066 77.2 27.8	1787000 975000 271400 54.6 15.2	865100 384400 84100 44.4 9.7	921900 590600 187300 64.1 20.3
	MET90	CHI90	WHITE	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MBT70	CHI70	SUB70
POPULATION 25+ - MALE HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - MALE BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - MALE % WITH HS DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - MALE % BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - MALE	1553093 1307940 516137 84.2 33.2	376162 292198 121320 77.7	1176931 1015742 394817 86.3	1464400 1092036 388902 74.6 26.6	424664 272946 93903 64.3	1039736 819090 294999 78.8 28.4	1451900 848800 249400 58.5 17.2	579100 278800 67500 48.1 11.7	872800 570000 181900 65.3
		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	AFRICAN AME	AMERICAN	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				
	MET90	CH190	SUB90	MET80	CH180	SUB80	MBT70	CHI70	SUB70
POPULATION 25+ - MALE HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - MALE BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - MALE % WITH HS DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - MALE % BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - MALE	343196 219225 38042 63.9	261889 159312 25241 60.8	81307 59913 12801 73.7	305759 165185 25273 54.0 8.3	254892 133581 19495 52.4	50867 31604 5778 62.1	247800 94400 12100 38.1	220500 83600 10600 37.9	27300 10800 1500 39.6 5.5
		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	LATINO				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MGT70	CH170	SUB70
POPULATION 25+ - MALE HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - MALE BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - MALE % WITH HS DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - MALE % BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - MALE	206337 88122 15763 42.7 7.6	134510 53910 8711 40.1	71827 34212 7052 47.6 9.8	130925 46078 9076 35.2 6.9	94925 29729 5246 31.3 5.5	36000 16349 3830 45.4 10.6	70600 20300 3900 28.8 5.5	52500 13200 1800 25.1	18100 7100 2100 39.2 11.6
		1	ASIAN AMER	AMERICAN¹					1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB 80	MBT70	CH170	SUB70
POPULATION 25+ - MALE HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - MALE BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - MALE % WITH HS DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - MALE % BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - MALE	73572 64255 40234 87.3 54.7	32331 25907 13851 80.1 42.8	41241 38348 26383 93.0 64.0	41737 36585 24661 87.7 59.1	21378 17651 10672 82.6 49.9	20359 18934 13989 93.0 68.7	12600 9200 4900 73.0 38.9	9900 7300 3600 73.7 36.4	2700 1900 1300 70.4 48.1
			OTHER						
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SOB 70
POPULATION 25+ - MALE HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - MALE BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - MALE % WITH HS DIPLOMA OR HIGHER - MALE % BACHELORS DEGREE OR HIGHER - MALE	3086 2372 362 76.9 11.7	1335 916 136 68.6	1751 1456 226 83.2 12.9	4928 3171 927 64.3	3017 1838 457 60.9	1911 1333 470 69.8 24.6	4100 2300 1100 56.1 26.8	3100 1500 600 48.4 19.4	1000 800 500 80.0



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	RESULTS FOR	R METRO AREA	a, city of	CHICAGO AND	SUBURBS	, ,4			38
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80		MET70	CHI70	sus
CIV. POP 16+ - TOTAL CIV. LABOR FORCE 16+ - TOTAL UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - TOTAL CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - TOTAL UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TOTAL	5552523 3791437 256000 68.3	2137773 1361339 154231 63.7	3414750 2430098 101769 71.2 4.2	5314134 3477007 238121 65.4 6.8	2258061 1370485 134620 60.7 9.8	3056073 2106522 103501 68.9	4745800 2913600 98700 61.4	2358000 1410600 58600 59.8 4.2	2387800 1503000 40100 62.9 2.7
		CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB 80	MBT70	CHI70	SUB70
CIV. POP 16+ - TOTAL CIV. LABOR FORCE 16+ - TOTAL UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - TOTAL CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - TOTAL UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TOTAL	3812086 2635653 101309 69.1 3.8	920177 597165 32233 64.9	2891909 2038488 69076 70.5	3869850 2579515 122785 66.7	1115732 688994 38255 61.8	2754118 1890521 84530 68.6	3788200 2346900 63200 62.0	1529400 928500 28900 60.7	2258800 1418400 34300 62.8
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		AFRICAN AME	AMERICAN			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CH170	SUB70
CIV. POP 16+ - TOTAL CIV. LABOR FORCE 16+ - TOTAL UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - TOTAL CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - TOTAL UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TOTAL	1003081 619219 106431 61.7	774955 454794 88564 58.7	228126 164425 17867 72.1	958654 557149 83223 58.1	810376 456170 72345 56.3 15.9	148278 100979 10878 68.1	727800 420700 27800 57.8	653800 373700 24600 57.2 6.6	74000 47000 3200 63.5 6.8
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	LATINO						1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
CIV. POP 16+ - TOTAL CIV. LABOR FORCE 16+ - TOTAL UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - TOTAL CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - TOTAL UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TOTAL	542802 397592 41134 73.2 10.3	356579 250677 29381 70.3	186223 146915 11753 78.9 8.0	368461 255104 28216 69.2	269445 180744 21886 67.1	99016 74360 6330 75.1	189000 117400 . 6800 62.1 5.8	142900 86100 4400 60.3	46100 31300 2400 67.9
		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ASIAN AME	AMERICAN¹			!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
CIV. POP 16+ - TOTAL CIV. LABOR FORCE 16+ - TOTAL UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - TOTAL CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - TOTAL UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TOTAL	186664 133242 6378 71.4 4.8	82433 56448 3701 68.5 6.6	104231 76794 2677 73.7	103525 76310 3009 73.7 3.9	54123 39459 1579 72.9	49402 36851 1430 74.6 3.9	30800 22600 400 73.4 1.8	24300 17500 200 72.0	6500 5100 200 78.5 3.9
			OTHER <sup>2</sup>			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	 
·	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70*
CIV. POP 16+ - TOTAL CIV. LABOR FORCE 16+ - TOTAL UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - TOTAL CİV. LABOR FORCE RATE - TOTAL UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TOTAL	7890 5731 748 72.6 13.1	3629 2255 352 62.1 15.6	4261 3476 396 81.6	13644 8929 888 65.4 9.9	8385 5118 555 61.0	5259 3811 333 72.5	10000 6000 500 60.0	7600 4800 500 63.2 10.4	2400 1200 50.0



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	O STAIM	06180	TOTAL		CHI 80	SUB80		CHI70	SUB70
CIV. POP 16+ - FEMALE CIV. LABOR FORCE 16+ - FEMALE UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - FEMALE CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - FEMALE UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - FEMALE	2909495 1733418 112698 59.6	1134639 637810 68760 56.2 10.8	98860	2798102 1500496 95921 53.6 6.4	1209479 614982 56720 50.8 9.2	1588623 885514 39201 55.7 4.4	2513500 1129900 44600 45.0 3.9	1266100 580600 24500 45.9 4.2	1247400 549300 20100 44.0 3.7
	MBT90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI 80	SUB 80	MET70	CHI70	80B70
CIV. POP 16+ - FEMALE CIV. LABOR FORCE 16+ - FEMALE UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - FEMALE CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - FEMALE UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - FEMALE	1996335 1192532 42600 59.7 3.6	485517 276163 13381 56.9 4.8	1510818 916369 29219 60.7	2030646 1095933 46180 54.0	595095 305432 15069 51.3	143551 790501 31111 55.1 3.9	1998700 895100 29100 44.8	816800 379300 11700 46.4	1181900 515800 17400 43.6 3.4
		1	AFRICAN AME	ERICAN	1 1 1 1 1 1 1			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
	MRT90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MBT70	CHI70	SUB70
CIV. POP 16+ - FEMALE CIV. LABOR FORCE 16+ - FEMALE UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - FEMALE CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - FEMALE UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - FEMALE	560192 326060 48502 58.2 14.9	436595 239987 40338 55.0 16.8	123597 86073 8164 69.6	531812 272788 36425 51.3	453478 223482 31450 49.3	78334 49306 4975 62.9	403000 186400 12400 46.3	364500 165500 10900 45.4 6.6	38500 20900 1500 54.3 7.2
			LATINO						
	MBT90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CH180	SUB 80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
CIV. POP 16+ - FEMALE CIV. LABOR FORCE 16+ - FEMALE UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - FEMALE CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - FEMALE UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - FEMALE	253031 151438 18156 59.8 12.0	168567 94566 13118 56.1 13.9	84464 56872 5038 67.3 8.9	174701 93014 11277 53.2	128650 65074 9192 50.6	46051 27940 2085 60.7 7.5	90500 35500 2800 39.2 7.9	68300 25300 1600 37.0 6.3	22200 10200 1200 45.9
			ASIAN AMER	AMERICAN¹					1
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MRT80	CHI80	SUBBO	MBT70	CHI70	SUB70*
CIV. POP 16+ - FEMALE CIV. LABOR FORCE 16+ - FEMALE UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - FEMALE CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - FEMALE UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - FEMALE	95942 60932 3058 63.5 5.0	41954 26094 1747 62.2 6.7	53988 34838 1311 64.5	53859 34958 1557 64.9	27916 18845 722 67.5	25943 16113 835 62.1 5.2	16200 10400 100 64.2	12700 8300 100 65.4	3500 2100 60.0
			OTHER	1 1 1 1 1 1 1					
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUBBO	MET70	CHI70	SUB70*
CIV. POP 16+ - FEMALE CIV. LABOR FORCE 16+ - FEMALE UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - FEMALE CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - FEMALE UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - FEMALE	3995 2456 382 61.5	2006 1000 176 49.9	1989 1456 206 73.2	7084 3803 482 53.7 12.7	4340 2149 287 49.5 13.4	2744 1654 195 60.3	5100 2500 200 49.0 8.0	3800 2200 200 57.9 9.1	1300 300 23.1



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POD 16 MALE	3895	1623	2272	6560	4045	2515	4900	3800
TANGET 16. MATE	3705	1255	2020	5126	2969	2157	3500	2600
LABOR FORCE 18+ - MALE	366	176	190	406	268	138	300	300
TABOD FORCE RATE - MALE	84.1	77.3	88.9	78.1	73.4	85.8	71.4	68.4
PLOYMENT RATE - MALE 11	11.2	14.0	9.4	7.9	0.6	6.4	9.8	11.5

	Constant	08140	SUB90	MRTBO	CHI80	SUB80	MBT70	CHI70	SUB70
CIV. POP 16+ - MALE CIV. LABOR FORCE 16+ - MALE UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - MALE CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - MALE UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - MALE	2643028 2058019 143302 77.9	606	40446	2516032 1976511 142200 78.6	1048582 755503 77900 72.0 10.3	1467450 1221008 64300 83.2 5.3	2232300 1783700 54100 79.9 3.0	1091900 830000 34100 76.0	1140400 953700 20000 83.6 2.1
		CHI90	SUB90	MBT80	CH180	SUB80	MBT70	CHI70	SUB70
CIV. POP 16+ - MALE CIV. LABOR FORCE 16+ - MALE UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - MALE CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - MALE UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - MALE	1815751 1443121 58709 79.5	434660 321002 18852 73.9 5.9	1381091 1122119 39857 81.2 3.6	1839204 1483582 76605 80.7 5.2	520637 383562 23186 73.7 6.0	1318567 1100020 53419 83.4 4.9	1789500 1451800 34100 81.1 2.3	712600 549200 17200 77.1 3.1	1076900 902600 16900 83.8 1.9
		1	Ā	AMERICAN					
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MRT70	CHIVO	SUB/O
CIV. POP 16+ - MALE CIV. LABOR FORCE 16+ - MALE UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - MALE CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - MALE UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - MALE	442889 293159 57929 66.2 19.8	338360 214807 48226 63.5 22.5	104529 78352 9703 75.0	426842 284361 46798 66.6	356898 232688 40895 65.2	69944 51673 5903 73.9	324800 234300 15400 72.1	289300 208200 13700 72.0 6.6	35500 26100 1700 73.5 6.5
			LATINO						1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
· -	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MRT80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
CIV. POP 16+ - MALE CIV. LABOR FORCE 16+ - MALE UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - MALE CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - MALE UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - MALE	289771 246154 22978 84.9 9.3	188012 156111 16263 83.0	101759 90043 6715 88.5	193760 162090 16939 83.7	140795 115670 12694 82.2	52965 46420 4245 87.6 9.1	98500 81900 4000 83.1 4.9	74600 60800 2800 81.5 4.6	23900 21100 1200 88.3
			ASIAN AMER	AMERICAN'					
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MBT70	CHI70	SUB70
CIV. POP 16+ - MALE CIV. LABOR FORCE 16+ - MALE UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - MALE CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - MALE UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - MALE	90722 72310 3320 79.7 4.6	40479 30354 1954 75.0 6.4	50243 41956 1366 83.5	49666 41352 1452 83.3 3.5	26207 20614 857 78.7	23459 20738 595 88.4 2.9	14600 12200 300 83.6 2.5	11600 9200 100 79.3	3000 3000 200 100.0
			OTHER				1		
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MBT70	CHI70	SUB70*
CIV. POP 16+ - MALE CIV. LABOR FORCE 16+ - MALE UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - MALE CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - MALE UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - MALE	3895 3275 366 84.1 11.2	1623 1255 176 77.3	2272 2020 190 88.9	6560 5126 406 78.1	4045 2969 268 73.4 9.0	2515 2157 138 85.8 6.4	4900 3500 300 71.4 8.6	3800 2600 300 68.4 11.5	1100 900 81.8

RESULTS FOR METRO AREA, CITY OF CHICAGO AND SUBURBS

SUBURBS
AND
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FOR
RESULTS

SUB70	244800 124500 9900 50.9 8.0	SUB70	230100 119500 8900 51.9 7.4		SUB70	9300 2900 400 31.2 13.8		SUB70	2000 5200 500 38.5 25.0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	SUB70*		 	8UB70*	
CHI70	212300 94200 12500 44.4 13.3	CHI70	115400 63500 5300 55.0 8.3	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	CHI70	75100 22200 6200 29.6 27.9		CHI70	8000 20000 900 40.0		CHI70	1100 300 27.3		CHI70*	
MET70	457100 218700 22400 47.8 10.2	MBT70	345500 183000 14200 53.0 7.8		MET70	84400 25100 6600 29.7 26.3		MET70	10000 25200 1400 39.7 14.0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	MET70	1300 400 100 30.8 25.0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	MBT70*	
SUB80	295383 179279 18452 60.7 10.3	SUB80	259187 162287 15623 62.6		SUB80	19069 7405 1791 38.8 24.2		SUB80	13599 7927 866 58.3 10.9		SUB80	2973 1312 113 44.1 8.6		80380	555 348 59 62.7 17.0
CHI80	215488 89543 19486 41.6 21.8	СНІ80	73544 42010 4798 57.1		CHI80	102215 29511 11029 28.9 37.4		CH180	35442 16377 3520 46.2 21.5		CHI80	3388 1291 63 38.1 4.9		CH180	899 354 76 39.4 21.5
MET80	510871 268822 37938 52.6 14.1	MBT80	332731 204297 20421 61.4 10.0	AMERICAN	MET 80	121284 36916 12820 30.4 34.7	Or	MET80	49041 24304 4386 49.6 18.0	AMERICAN¹	MET80	6361 2603 176 40.9 6.8	R²	MET80	1454 702 135 48.3 19.2
80890	234756 135162 16458 57.6	SUB90	178805 107527 10565 60.1	AFRICAN AN	SUB90	24756 10963 3219 44.3 29.4	LATINO	80890	20841 12646 2229 60.7 17.6	ASIAN AM	SUB90	9829 3654 37.2 9.2	OTHER	SUB90	525 372 109 70.9 29.3
CHI90	162732 70798 21443 43.5 30.3	CHI90	38249 20938 3130 54.7		CHI90	76667 26834 12322 35.0 45.9		CHI90	41114 20454 5451 49.7 26.7	1	CHI90	6389 2428 472 38.0 19.4		CHI90	313 144 68 46.0 47.2
MET90	397488 205960 37901 51.8 18.4	MET90	217054 128465 13695 59.2		MET90	101423 37797 15541 37.3 41.1		MET90	61955 33100 7680 53.4 23.2		MET90	16218 6082 808 37.5 13.3		MET90	838 516 177 61.6 34.3
	YTH CIV. POP 16-19 - TOTAL YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE 16-19 - TOTAL YTH UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - TOTAL YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - TOTAL YTH UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TOTAL		YTH CIV. DOP 16-19 - TOTAL YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE 16-19 - TOTAL YTH UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - TOTAL YTH UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TOTAL YTH UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TOTAL			YTH CIV. POP 16-19 - TOTAL YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE 16-19 - TOTAL YTH UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - TOTAL YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - TOTAL YTH UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TOTAL			YTH CIV. POP 16-19 - TOTAL YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE 16-19 - TOTA YTH UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - TOTA YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - TOTAL YTH UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TOTAL			YTH CIV. POP 16-19 - TOTAL YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE 16-19 - TOTAL YTH UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - TOTAL YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - TOTAL YTH UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TOTAL			YTH CIV. POP 16-19 - TOTAL YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE 16-19 - TOTAL YTH UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - TOTAL YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - TOTAL YTH UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TOTAL



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SUBURBS
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AREA,
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FOR
RESULTS

	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70*	CHI70*	SUB70*
YTH CIV. POP 16-19 - FEMALE YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE 16-19 - FEMALE YTH UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - FEMALE YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - FEMALE YTH UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - FEMALE	191558 98475 15707 51.4	79197 33208 9119 41.9 27.5	118871	252534 130387 15103 51.6 11.6	107350 42115 8123 39.2 19.3	145184 88272 6980 60.8 7.9			
	MET90	CHI90	O6808	MBT80	CHI 80	SUB80	MET70*	CH170*	SUB70*
YTH CIV. POP 16-19 - FEMALE YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE 16-19 - FEMALE YTH UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - FEMALE YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - FEMALE YTH UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - FEMALE	105153 63887 5582 60.8 8.7	18780 10730 1397 57.1 13.0	86373 53157 4185 61.5	164110 100690 7617 61.4 7.6	36399 20612 1911 56.6 9.3	127711 80078 5706 62.7 7.1			
			AFRICAN A	AMERICAN					
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CH180	SUB80	MBT70*	CHI70.	SUB70*
YTH CIV. POP 16-19 - FEMALE YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE 16-19 - FEMALE YTH UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - FEMALE YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - FEMALE YTH UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - FEMALE	50451 18549 6688 36.8	38248 13109 5316 34.3 40.6	12203 5440 1372 44.6 25.2	61745 18056 5763 29.2 31.9	52229 14181 4884 27.2 34.4	9516 3875 879 40.7 22.7			
			LATINO	ON	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MBT70*	CHI70*	\$UB70*
YH CIV. POP 16-19 - FEMALE YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE 16-19 - FEMALE YTH UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - FEMALE YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - FEMALE YTH UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - FEMALE	27555 12979 3039 47.1 23.4	18726 8109 2170 43.3 26.8	. 8829 4870 869 55.2 17.8	23030 10046 1563 43.6 15.6	16752 6587 1274 39.3 19.3	6278 3459 289 55.1 8.4			
			ASIAN AM	AMERICAN¹					
	MBT90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MBT70*	CHI70*	SUB70*
YTH CIV. POP 16-19 - FEMALE YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE 16-19 - FEMALE YTH UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - FEMALE YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - FEMALE YTH UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - FEMALE	7936 2807 264 35.4	3216 1173 173 36.5	4720 1634 91 34.6 5.6	2900 1263 91 43.6 7.2	1523 582 24 38.2 4.1	1377 681 67 49.5			
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	R*	CHI80	SUB80	MGT70*	CHI70*	SUB70*
YTH CIV. POP 16-19 - FEMALE YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE 16-19 - FEMALE YTH UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - FEMALE YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - FEMALE YTH UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - FEMALE	463 253 134 54.6 53.0	227 87 63 38.3 72.4	236 166 71 70.3 42.8	749 332 69 44.3 20.8	447 153 30 34.2 19.6	302 179 39 59.3 21.8			



									,
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	80880	MBT70*	CHI70*	SUB70*
YTH CIV. POP 16-19 - MALE YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE 16-19 - MALE YTH UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - MALE YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - MALE YTH UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - MALE	205930 107485 22194 52.2 20.6	83535 37590 12324 45.0 32.8	122395 69895 9870 57.1 14.1	258337 138435 22835 53.6 16.5	108138 47428 11363 43.9 24.0	150199 91007 11472 60.6 12.6			
		CHI90	WHITE	MRT80	CHI80		MBT70*	CHI70*	SUB70*
YTH CIV. POP 16-19 - MALE YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE 16-19 - MALE YTH UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - MALE YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - MALE YTH UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - MALE	111901 64578 64578 87.7 12.6	19469 10208 1733 52.4 17.0	92432 54370 6380 58.8 11.7	168621 103607 12804 61.4 12.4	37145 21398 2887 57.6 13.5	131476 82209 9917 62.5 12.1			
		4	AFRICAN AMERICAN	ICAN	CHTBO	80880	MBT70*	CHI70*	SUB70
YTH CIV. POP 16-19 - MALE YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE 16-19 - MALE YTH UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - MALE YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - MALE YTH UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - MALE	, 640 · ·	38419 13725 7006 35.7 51.0	12553 5523 1847 44.0 33.4	59539 18860 7057 31.7 37.4	49986 15330 6145 30.7 40.1	9553 3530 912 37.0 25.8			1 1 1 1 1
	MRT90	CHI90	BUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70*	CHI70*	SUB70*
YTH CIV. DOP 16-19 - MALE YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE 16-19 - MALE YTH UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - MALE YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - MALE YTH UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - MALE	34400 20121 4641 58.5 23.1	22388 12345 3281 55.1 26.6	12012 2 7776 1 1360 64.7 17.5 17.5	26011 14258 2823 54.8 19.8	18690 9790 2246 52.4 22.9	7321 4468 577 61.0 12.9			
	MBT90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	Met70*	CHI70*	8UB70*
YTH CIV. POP 16-19 - MALE YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE 16-19 - MALE YTH UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - MALE YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - MALE YTH UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - MALE	8282 3275 544 39.5	3173 1255 299 39.6	5109 2020 245 39.5 12.1	3461 1340 85 38.7 6.3	1865 709 39 38.0 5.5	1596 631 46 39.5 7.3			
	MBT90	CHI90	SUB90	MRT80	CHI80	SUB80	MBT70*	CHI70*	SUB70*
YTH CIV. POP 16-19 - MALE YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE 16-19 - MALE YTH UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE - MALE YTH CIV. LABOR FORCE RATE - MALE YTH UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - MALE	375 263 43 70.1	86 57 66.3 8.8	289 206 38 71.3	705 370 66 52.5 17.8	452 201 46 44.5 22.9	253 169 20 66.8 11.8			



	1		TOTAL		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			1
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
FAMILIES WITH POV STATUS- TOTAL FAMILIES BELOW POVERTY- TOTAL POVERTY RATE - TOTAL FAMILIES	1827143 158188 8.7	636423 116645 18.3	1190720 41543 3.5	1792680 158099 8.8	712071 119937 16.8	1080609 38162 3.5	1726500 117100 6.8	822000 88200 10.7	904500 28900 3.2
	!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!		WHITE	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	MRT90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
FAMILIES WITH POV STATUS- TOTAL FAMILIES BELOW POVERTY- TOTAL POVERTY RATE - TOTAL FAMILIES	1265286 41821 3.3	250533 16550 6.6	1014753 25271 2.5	1306680 46166 3.5	331023 20112 6.1	975657 26054 2.7	1376300 54100 3.9	517900 29200 5.6	858400 24900 2.9
	1		AFRICAN AMERICAN	RICAN			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	 	 
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
FAMILIES WITH POV STATUS- TOTAL FAMILIES BELOW POVERTY- TOTAL POVERTY RATE - TOTAL FAMILIES	300674 76242 25.4	231657 67888 29.3	69017 8354 12.1	319407 84355 26.4	267589 76317 28.5	51818 8038 15.5	266500 52400 19.7	240600 49200 20.4	25900 3200 12.4
		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	LATINO	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
FAMILIES WITH POV STATUS- TOTAL FAMILIES BELOW POVERTY- TOTAL POVERTY RATE - TOTAL FAMILIES	173843 31057 17.9	114133 25667 22.5	59710 5390 9.0	128385 24465 19.1	94383 21344 22.6	34002 3121 9.2	70300 9700 13.8	53500 9100 17.0	16800 600 3.6
		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ASIAN AMERICAN	ICAN¹				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
FAMILIES WITH POV STATUS- TOTAL FAMILIES BELOW POVERTY- TOTAL POVERTY RATE - TOTAL FAMILIES	59055 4974 8.4	24115 3644 15.1	34940 1330 3.8	34045 2428 7.1	16658; 1663 10.0	17387 765 4.4	9600 400 4.2	7200 400 5.6	2400
			OTHER		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
	MBT90	СНІЭО	068DS	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
FAMILIES WITH POV STATUS- TOTAL FAMILIES BELOW POVERTY- TOTAL POVERTY RATE - TOTAL FAMILIES	28285 4094 14.5	15985 2896 18.1	12300 1198 9.7	4163 685 16.5	2418 501 20.7	1745 184 10.5	3800 500 13.2	2800 300 10.7	1000 200 20.0

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RESULTS	

			TOTAL -					! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! !	
	MRT90	CHI90	SUB90	MBT80	CHI 80	SUB80	MBT70	CHI70	SUB70
FAMILIES WITH POV STATUS- FHH FAMILIES BELOW POVERTY- FHH POVERTY RATE - FHH	341075 98054 28.7	197631 76926 38.9	143444 21128 14.7	303405 94830 31.3	192309 77218 40.2	111096 17612 15.9	211800 57400 27.1	147900 47900 32.4	63900 9500 14.9
			WHITE -		1				
	MBT90	CHI90	80890	MBT80	CH180	8008	MRT70	CHI70	SUB70
FAMILIES WITH POV STATUS- FHH FAMILIES BELOW POVERTY- FHH POVERTY RATE - FHH	154969 19662 12.7	46166 7885 17.1	108803 11777 10.8	144822 19643 13.6	53699 9071 16.9	91123 10572 11.6	125500 17800 14.2	67800 10800 15.9	57700 7000 12.1
			AFRICAN AMERICAN	ICAN					
	MRT90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MBT70	CHI70	8UB70
FAMILIES WITH POV STATUS- FHH FAMILIES BELÖW POVERTY- FHH POVERTY RATE - FHH	137392 60084 43.7	116881 54108 46.3	20511 5976 29.1	133074 63209 47.5	117549 57639 49.0	15525 5570 35.9	78100 36100 46.2	73000 33800 46.3	5100 2300 45.1
			LATINO						
	MET90	CHI90	80080	MET80	CHI 80	8008	MRT70	CH170	SUB70
FAMILIES WITH POV STATUS- FHH FAMILIES BELOW POVERTY- FHH POVERTY RATE - FHH	30934 13334 43.1	23792 11431 48.0	7142 1903 26.6	22128 11260 50.9	18718 10025 53.6	3410 1235 36.2	7200 3500 48.6	6300 3300 52.4	900 200 22.2
			ASIAN AMERICAN	ICAN¹					
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	METBO	CHI80	8008	MRT70	CHI70	8UB70
FAMILIES WITH POV STATUS- FHH FAMILIES BELOW POVERTY- FHH POVERTY RATE - FHH	5118 888 17.4	2989 662 22.1	2129 226 10.6	2421 349 14.4	1628 206 12.7	793 143 18.0	700	500	200
			OTHER						
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	METBO	CH180	SUB80	MET70	CH170	8UB70*
FAMILIES WITH POV STATUS- FHH FAMILIES BELOW POVERTY- FHH POVERTY RATE - FHH	12662 4086 32.3	7803 2840 36.4	4859 1246 25.6	960 369 38.4	715 277 38.7	245 92 37.6	300	300	

			TOTAL						
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MBT80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
FAMILIES WITH POV STATUS- OTHER FAMILIES BELOW POVERTY- OTHER POVERTY RATE - OTHER	1486068 60134 4	438792 39719 9	1047276 20415 1	1489275 63269 4	519762 42719 8.2	969513 20550 2.1	1514700 59700 3.9	674100 40300 6.0	840600 19400 2.3
		CHI90	WHITE - SUB90		CHI80	SUBSO	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
FAMILIES WITH POV STATUS- OTHER FAMILIES BELOW POVERTY- OTHER POVERTY RATE - OTHER	1110317 22159 2.0	204367 8665 4.2	905950 13494 1.5	1161858 26523 2.3	277324 11041 4.0	884534 15482 1.8	1250800 36300 2.9	450100 18400 4.1	800700 17900 2.2
			AFRICAN AMERICAN	ICAN					1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	MBT90	CHI90	SUB90	MBT80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
FAMILIES WITH POV STATUS- OTHER FAMILIES BELOW POVERTY- OTHER POVERTY RATE - OTHER	163282 16158 9.9	114776 13780 12.0	48506 2378 4.9	186333 21146 11.3	150040 18678 12.4	36293 2468 6.8	188400 16300 8.7	167600 15400 9.2	20800 900 4.3
			LATINO					1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MBT70	CHI70	SUB70
FAMILIES WITH POV STATUS- OTHER FAMILIES BELOW POVERTY- OTHER POVERTY RATE - OTHER	142909 17723 12.4	90341 14236 15.8	52568 3487 6.6	106257 13205 12.4	75665 11319 15.0	30592 1886 6.2	63100 6200 9.8	47200 5800 12.3	15900 400 2.5
	;		ASIAN AMERICAN	CAN1					1
	MBT90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
FAMILIES WITH POV STATUS- OTHER <sup>2</sup> . FAMILIES BELOW POVERTY- OTHER POVERTY RATE - OTHER	53937 4086 7.6	21126 2982 14.1	32811 1104 3.4	31624 2079 6.6	15030 <sup>†</sup> 1457 9.7	16594 622 3.7	8900 400 4.5	6700 400 6.0	2200
			OTHER						1
	MBT90	CHI90	SUB90	MBT80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
FAMILIES WITH POV STATUS- OTHER FAMILIES BELOW POVERTY- OTHER POVERTY RATE - OTHER	15623 8 0.1	8182 56 0.7	7441 -48 -0.6	3203 316 9.9	1703 224 13.2	1500 92 6.1	3500 500 14.3	2500 300 12.0	1000 200 20.0



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	+		TOTAL							
	MRT90	CH190	80390	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MBT70	CHI70	SUB70	
PERSONS WITH POV STATUS- TOTAL PERSONS BELOW POVERTY- TOTAL POVERTY RATE - TOTAL	7131236 808401 11.3	2739439 592298 21.6	4391797 216103 4.9	6986548 790652 11.3	2965648 601410 20.3	4020900 189242 4.7	6839900 628400 9.2	3315800 478900 14.4	3524100 149500 4.2	
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		WHITE						 	
	MRT90	CHI90	80890	METSO	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70	
PERSONS WITH POV STATUS- TOTAL PERSONS BELOW POVERTY- TOTAL POVERTY RATE - TOTAL	4651519 217861 4.7	1019574 93225 9.1	3631945 124636 3.4	4858555 246456 5.1	1290332 117218 9.1	3568223 129238 3.6	5268100 291500 5.5	1952900 162600 8.3	3315200 128900 3.9	
			AFRICAN AMERICAN	RICAN						
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CH180	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70	
PERSONS WITH POV STATUS- TOTAL PERSONS BELOW POVERTY- TOTAL POVERTY RATE - TOTAL	1352161 395014 29.2	1043750 344761 33.0	308411 50253 16.3	1389586 409426 29.5	1172666 371123 31.6	216920 38303 17.7	1188400 279200 23.5	1071700 262300 24.5	116700 16900 14.5	
			LATINO			1				
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI 80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70	
PERSONS WITH POV STATUS- TOTAL PERSONS BELOW POVERTY- TOTAL POVERTY RATE - TOTAL	805847 160742 19.9	530537 128580 24.2	275310 32162 11.7	575002 118186 20.6	420880 101530 24.1	154122 16656 10.8	328100 52500 16.0	250100 49200 19.7	78000 3300 4.2	
		1	ASIAN AMERICAN	ICAN¹						
٠	MRT90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CH180	SUB80	MRT70	CHI70	SUB70	
PERSONS WITH POV STATUS- TOTAL PERSONS BELOW POVERTY- TOTAL POVERTY RATE - TOTAL	247068 23997 9.7	102111 17759 17.4	144957 6238 4.3	144122 12791 8.9	70204 8576 12.2	73918 4215 5.7	41000 3500 8.5	30400 3400 11.2	10600 100 0.9	
	!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!		OTHER2							
	MGT90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70	
PERSONS WITH POV STATUS- TOTAL PERSONS BELOW POVERTY- TOTAL POVERTY RATE - TOTAL	74641 10787 14.5	43467 7973 18.3	31174 2814 9.0	19283 3793 19.7	11566 2963 25.6	7717 830 10.8	14300 1700 11.9	10700 1400 13.1	3600 300 8.3	

4.1

	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		DL	TOTAL					
	MET90	CH190	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUBBO	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
PERSONS WITH POV STATUS- FEMALE PERSONS BELOW POVERTY- FEMALE POVERTY RATE - FEMALE	3672871 462142 12.6	1430127 335180 23.4	2242744 126962 5.7	3611704 454846 12.6	1557905 345165 22.2	2053799 109681 5.3	3539000 369200 10.4	1741900 277300 15.9	1797100 91900 5.1
			W	WHITE					
	MRT90	CHI90	80890	MRT80	CH180	80380	MBT70	CHI70	SUB70
PERSONS WITH POV STATUS- FEMALE PERSONS BELOW POVERTY- FEMALE POVERTY RATE - FEMALE	2393754 129808 5.4	533026 53296 10.0	1860728 76512 4.1	.2504703 144898 5.8	679070 68425 10.1	1825633 76473 4.2	2711800 177200 6.5	1020400 97300 9.5	1691400 79900 4.7
	1		AFRICAN	N AMERICAN -					
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	8UB70
PERSONS WITH POV STATUS- FEMALE PERSONS BELOW POVERTY- FEMALE POVERTY RATE - FEMALE	730238 228306 31.3	567757 199499 35.1	162481 28807 17.7	748321 239739 32.0	634897 217528 34.3	113424 22211 19.6	638800 163500 25.6	578700 153300 26.5	60100 10200 17.0
			7 PI	LATINO					
	MET90	CH190	SUB90	MET80	CH180	SUB80	MET70	CHI70	SUB70
PERSONS WITH POV STATUS- FEMALE PERSONS BELOW POVERTY- FEMALE POVERTY RATE - FEMALE	382762 83463 21.8	253723 67338 26.5	129039 16125 12.5	275605 61683 22.4	202884 53318 26.3	72721 8365 11.5	160200 26200 16.4	121600 24500 20.1	38600 1700 4.4
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		ASIAN	AMERICAN1 -				1	
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	METBO	CHI80	BUB80	MET70	CHI70	8UB70
PERSONS WITH POV STATUS- FEMALE PERSONS BELOW POVERTY- FEMALE POVERTY RATE - FEMALE	125387 12182 9.7	. 51208 8954 17.5	74179 3228 4.4	73110 6408 8.8	35157 4239 12.1	1 37953 2169 5.7	21200 1900 9.0	15600 1900 12.2	5600
	MET90	CHI90	O80890	OTHER	CHI80	SUB80	. MET70	CHI70	8UB70
PERSONS WITH POV STATUS- FEMALE PERSONS BELOW POVERTY- FEMALE POVERTY RATE - FEMALE	40730 8383 20.6	24413 6093 25.0	16317 2290 14.0	9965 2118 21.3	5897 1655 28.1	4068 463 11.4	7000 400 5.7	5600 300 5.4	1400 100 7.1



	MET90	CHI90	8UB90	MRT80	CHI 80	80380	MBT70	CHI70	SUB70
PERSONS WITH POV STATUS- MALE PERSONS BELOW POVERTY- MALE POVERTY RATE - MALE	3458365 346259 10.0	1309312 257118 19.6	2149053 89141 4.1	3374844 335806 10.0	1407743 256245 18.2	1967101 79561 4.0	3300900 259200 7.9	1573900 201600 12.8	1727000 57600 3.3
	MRTEGO	CHI 90	4	WHITE	CHI 80		MRT70	CHI70	80870
PERSONS WITH POV STATUS- MALE PERSONS BELOW POVERTY- MALE POVERTY RATE - MALE	2257765 88053 3.9	486548 39929 8.2	1771217 48124 2.7	2353852 101558 4.3	611262 48793 8.0	1742590 52765 3.0	2556300 114300 4.5	932500 65300 7.0	1623800 49000 3.0
			AFRICAN	IN AMERICAN					
	MET90	CH190	SUB90	MRT80	CHI80	SUB80	MRT70	CHI70	SUB70
PERSONS WITH POV STATUS- MALE PERSONS BELOW POVERTY- MALE POVERTY RATE - MALE	621923 166708 26.8	475993 145262 30.5	145930 21446 14.7	641265 169687 26.5	537769 153595 28.6	103496 16092 15.5	549600 115700 21.1	493000 109000 22.1	56600 6700 11.8
			I	LATINO				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
	MCET90	CHI90	80890	MBT80	CHI80	SUB80	MBT70	CH170	8UB70
PERSONS WITH POV STATUS- MALE PERSONS BELOW POVERTY- MALE POVERTY RATE - MALE	423085 77279 18.3	276814 61242 22.1	146271 16037 11.0	299397 56503 18.9	217996 48212 22.1	81401 8291 10.2	167900 26300 15.7	128500 24700 19.2	39400 1600 4.1
			ASIAN	N AMERICAN'				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
	MET90	CHI90	80890	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MCRT70	CH170	80B70
PERSONS WITH POV STATUS- MALE PERSONS BELOW POVERTY- MALE POVERTY RATE - MALE	121681 11815 9.7	50903 8805 17.3	70778 3010 4.3	71012 6383 9.0	35047 4337 12.4	35965 2046 5.7	19800 1600 8.1	14800 1500 10.1	5000 100 2.0
	COHERA	OPTHS	0	OTHER	CHI80	SUB80	MBT70	CHI70	SUB70
PERSONS WITH POV STATUS- MALE PERSONS BELOW POVERTY- MALE POVERTY RATE - MALE	33911 2404 7.1	19054 1880 9.9	14857 524 3.5	9318 1675 18.0	5669 1308 23.1	3649 367 10.1	7300 1300 17.8	5100 1100 21.6	2200 200 9.1



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20

				TOTAL					1
	MBT90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70*	CHI70*	SUB70*
YOUTH WITH POV STATUS- TOTAL YOUTH BELOW POVERTY- TOTAL YOUTH POVERTY RATE - TOTAL	1859039 315914 17.0	711670 240968 33.9	1147369 74946 6.5	2014616 333842 16.6	844252 261808 31.0	1170364 72034 6.2			
		CHI90	SUB90	WHITE	CH180	80880	MET70*	CHI70*	SUB70*
YOUTH WITH POV STATUS- TOTAL YOUTH BELOW POVERTY- TOTAL YOUTH POVERTY RATE - TOTAL	1047602 52026 5.0	158491 18866 11.9	889111 33160 3.7	1222567 68661 5.6	229309 26728 11.7	993258 41933 4.2			
	1		AFRIC	AFRICAN AMERICAN	1				1
	MBT90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70*	CHI70*	SUB70*
YOUTH WITH POV STATUS- TOTAL YOUTH BELOW POVERTY- TOTAL YOUTH POVERTY RATE - TOTAL	438282 182257 41.6	330653 156682 47.4	107629 25575 23.8	508075 200097 39.4	423204 180195 42.6	84871 19902 23.4			
		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	LATINO					
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MET70*	CHI70*	SUB70*
YOUTH WITH POV STATUS- TOTAL YOUTH BELOW POVERTY- TOTAL YOUTH POVERTY RATE - TOTAL	296414 74234 25.0	196220 60031 30.6	100194 14203 14.2	232346 59317 25.5	169615 51186 30.2	62731 8131 13.0			
			ASIAN	AN AMERICAN1					1 1 1 1 1 1
	MET90	CHI90	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MRT70*	CHI70*	SUB70*
YOUTH WITH POV STATUS- TOTAL YOUTH BELOW POVERTY- TOTAL YOUTH POVERTY RATE - TOTAL	71788 6379 8.9	24295 4815 19.8	47493 1564 3.3	45000 4170 9.3	18394 2476 13.5	26606 1694 6.4			
				OTHER <sup>2</sup>					1 1 1 1 1
	MET90	CH190	SUB90	MET80	CHI80	SUB80	MBT70*	CHI70*	SUB70*
YOUTH WITH POV STATUS- TOTAL YOUTH BELOW POVERTY- TOTAL YOUTH POVERTY RATE - TOTAL	4953 1018 20.6	2011 574 28.5	2942 444 15.1	6628 1597 24.1	3730 1223 32.8	2898 374 12.9			

Includes persons of Hispanic origin in 1990.
 Other = American Indian, Eskimo, Aleut, and other races.
 No figures are reported because the sample size from the 1970 PUMS is too small to generate reliable estimates.

### **Ethnic/Racial Groups**

In this report, the terms White, African American, Asian American, and Latino refer to the following census terminology and definitions:

### White

includes persons who indicated their race as White or reported entries such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, Near Easterner, Arab, or Polish, and were not of Hispanic origin.

### African American

includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro or reported themselves as African American, Afro-American, Black Puerto Rican, Jamaican, Nigerian, West Indian, or Haitian and were not of Hispanic origin.

### Latino

includes persons categorized by the Census Bureau as being of "Spanish language" in the 1970 census, or as being of Spanish/Hispanic Origin" in the 1980 and 1990 censuses. In 1990 Hispanic origin persons classified themselves in one of the specific Hispanic Origin groups, including, who classified themselves in one of the specific Hispanic Origin groups including Mexican, Puerto Rican, or Cuban, as well as those who indicated Other Spanish/Hispanic origin including Spain, the Spanish speaking countries of Central or South America, or the Dominican Republic, and those persons identifying themselves generally as Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispanic, Hispano or Latino.

### Asian American

includes persons in the 1980 and 1990 censuses who indicated their race as one of the Asian groups (Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian Korean, Vietnamese, Cambodian, Hmong, Laotian, Thai, Other Asian) or one of the Pacific Islander groups, (Hawaiian, Samoan, Guamanian, Other Pacific Islander). In the 1970 census, the Asian-American category did not include Pacific Islanders. In 1990 the category also includes persons of Hispanic origin.

### Other

includes American Indian, Eskimo, Aleut, and other races.

### **Economic Indicators**

This report is based on a series of economic indicators based on the 1970, 1980 and 1990 census data. The definitions of these indicators are based on documentation from the U.S. Census Bureau.

### Median Family Income

includes the income of the householder and all other persons, 15 years old and over related by birth, marriage or adoption, living in the same household. Income is the total sum of the amounts reported separately for wage or salary income; net non-farm self-employment income; net farm self-employment income; net rental or royalty income; social security income; public assistance or welfare income; retirement or disability income; and all other income. Income does not included the value of "in kind" income such as food stamps, public housing subsidies, or employer benefits. The median household income divides the distribution of all households, including households with no income, into two equal parts, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below the median.

### Inflation Adjustment

assures that income figures from the 1970 and 1980 censuses were adjusted to represent 1990 dollars using a consumer-price-index based inflation factor.

### Percentage of Persons in Poverty

refers to the percentage of all persons for whom poverty status was determined who were living below the federal poverty income threshold. Poverty status was determined for all persons except institutionalized persons, persons in military group quarters, persons in college dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 15 years old. The number of persons living in poverty is the sum of the number of persons in families with incomes below the federal poverty threshold and the number of unrelated individuals with incomes below the federal poverty threshold. The average federal poverty threshold for one unrelated individual in 1989



was \$6,310; for an average family of three it was \$9,885; for an average family of four it was \$12,674; and for an average family of five it was \$14,990.

### **Labor Force Participation Rate**

refers to the percentage of persons who were classified as employed or unemployed in the civilian labor force for all persons 16 years old and over. Persons were classified as employed if they were at work or temporarily away from their jobs during the reference week used by the census. Persons were classified as unemployed if they: (1) were not working, (2) were seeking work during the last four weeks and were available to accept a job during the reference week used by the census.

### **Unemployment Rate**

refers to the percentage of persons 16 years old and over who were counted in the civilian labor force and were unemployed during the reference week used by the census.

### **High School Completion Rate**

refers to the percentage of all persons 25 years old and over who held a high school diploma or higher at the time the census data were collected.

### **College Completion Rate**

refers to the percentage of all persons 25 years old and over who held a bachelors degree or higher at the time the census data were collected. The response categories for persons who have attended college were modified from earlier censuses. Therefore, the comparisons of postsecondary educational attainment in 1990 and earlier censuses should be made with caution.

### Percentage of Female Headed Families in Poverty

refers to the percentage of all female headed families that fell below the federal poverty threshold. A female headed family is defined as a family headed by a female with no husband present.

52



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### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Office of Educational Research and Improvement (OERI) Educational Resources Information Center (ERIC)



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